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號三十七百三零二第

日二初月九年亥癸

HONGKONG, THURSDAY,

OCTOBER 11TH, 1923.

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號一十月十年二十國民華中

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## INTIMATIONS

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### TIME-TABLE:

WEEK-DAYS.		
7.00 a.m.	7.10 a.m.	
7.30 " " 8.00 " "	every 15 minutes	Stop-
8.00 " " 8.20 " "	" " 10 "	ping
8.30 " "	" "	Non Stop
8.47 " "	" "	Stopping
8.54 " "	" "	Non Stop
9.04 " "	" "	Stopping
9.11 " "	" "	Non Stop
9.20 " "	" "	Stopping
9.30 " "	" "	Non Stop
9.40 a.m. to 11.00 " "	every 10 minutes	Stop-
11.30 " " 12.30 p.m. " "	" " 15 "	ping
12.40 " "	" "	Non Stop
12.47 " "	" "	Stopping
12.57 " "	" "	Non Stop
1.04 " "	" "	Stopping
1.13 " "	" "	Non Stop
1.30 p.m. to 4.00 " "	every 10 minutes	Stop-
4.00 " " 4.20 " "	" " 15 "	ping
4.30 " "	" "	Non Stop
4.40 " "	" "	Stopping
4.47 " "	" "	Non Stop
4.57 " "	" "	Stopping
5.04 " "	" "	Non Stop
5.13 " "	" "	Stopping
5.20 " "	" "	Non Stop
5.30 " "	" "	Stopping

### SUNDAYS.

7.00 a.m.	7.10 a.m.	
7.30 a.m. to 9.20 " "	every 15 minutes	
9.30 " "	" " 10 "	Stop-
1.15 " " 1.40 noon " "	" " 15 "	ping
12.00 noon " 1.00 p.m. " "	" " 10 "	Stop-
1.00 p.m. " 2.30 " "	" " 15 "	ping
2.30 " " 4.30 " "	" " 10 "	Stop-
4.30 " " 5.20 " "	" " 15 "	ping
5.30 " "	" " 10 "	Stop-
6.40 " "	" "	Non Stop
6.47 " "	" "	Stopping
6.57 " "	" "	Non Stop
7.04 " "	" "	Stopping
7.13 " "	" "	Non Stop
7.20 " "	" "	Stopping
7.30 " "	" "	Non Stop
7.37 " "	" "	Stopping
7.47 " "	" "	Non Stop
7.54 " "	" "	Stopping
8.03 " "	" "	Non Stop
8.10 " "	" "	Stopping

### SATURDAYS.

Extra Car—12 midnight.	
NIGHT CARS—WEEKDAYS AND SUNDAYS	
8.50 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. " "	Stop-
9.20 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every 30 minutes	ping
1.15 " " 1.45 " "	" " 15 "
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Hongkong, 1st June, 1923.	[885]

## KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

### TIME-TABLE.

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	NOON	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon dep.	6.41	7.10	8.35	9.15	10.29	12.00	1.18	2.32	4.34	5.27
Yau Ma Tei dep.	6.51	7.18	8.43	9.23	10.37	12.08	1.27	2.41	4.43	5.37
Shatin dep.	7.03	7.30	8.55	9.35	10.49	12.20	1.39	2.53	4.55	5.50
Tai Po dep.	7.17	7.44	9.09	9.49	11.03	12.34	1.53	3.07	5.09	6.03
Tai Po Market dep.	7.22	7.49	9.14	9.54	11.08	12.39	1.58	3.12	5.14	6.08
Fauling dep.	7.33	7.60	9.15	9.55	11.19	12.49	2.08	3.22	5.24	6.18
Sheung Shui dep.	7.38	7.65	9.20	10.00	11.24	12.54	2.13	3.27	5.29	6.23
Shum Chun dep.	7.44	7.71	9.26	10.06	11.30	13.00	2.19	3.33	5.35	6.29
Shek Lung dep.	7.49	7.76	9.31	10.11	11.35	13.05	2.24	3.38	5.40	6.34
Canton arr.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Canton dep.	7.22	8.06	9.28	10.37	11.40	12.58	4.36	5.12	6.05	6.30
Shek Lung dep.	7.29	8.13	9.34	10.44	11.47	13.05	4.44	5.19	6.12	6.37
Shum Chun dep.	7.33	8.18	9.38	10.48	11.51	13.10	4.49	5.23	6.17	6.41
Fauling dep.	7.43	8.29	9.48	10.58	12.02	13.21	5.01	5.33	6.27	6.51
Tai Po Market dep.	7.47	8.34	9.54	11.03	12.07	13.27	5.08	5.37	6.31	6.55
Tai Po dep.	8.00	8.47	10.25	11.16	12.21	13.40	5.23	5.50	6.44	7.08
Shatin dep.	8.14	8.59	10.38	11.28	12.34	13.53	5.37	6.03	6.56	7.20
Yau Ma Tei dep.	8.29	9.09	10.48	11.38	12.42	14.01	5.45	6.10	7.04	7.28
Kowloon arr.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

### SHA TAU KOK BRANCH.

Fauling dep.	7.45	11.30	2.30	6.20	Shataukok dep.	6.30	10.15	1.05	5.00
Shataukok arr.	8.40	12.25	3.15	7.15	Fauling arr.	7.25	11.10	2.00	5.55

Further information may be obtained at the RAILWAY OFFICES, KOWLOON, or from  
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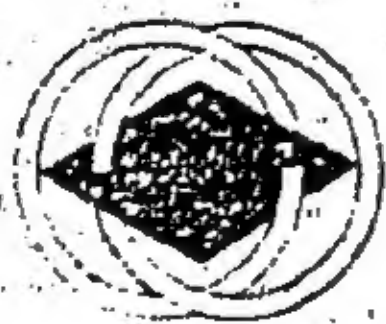
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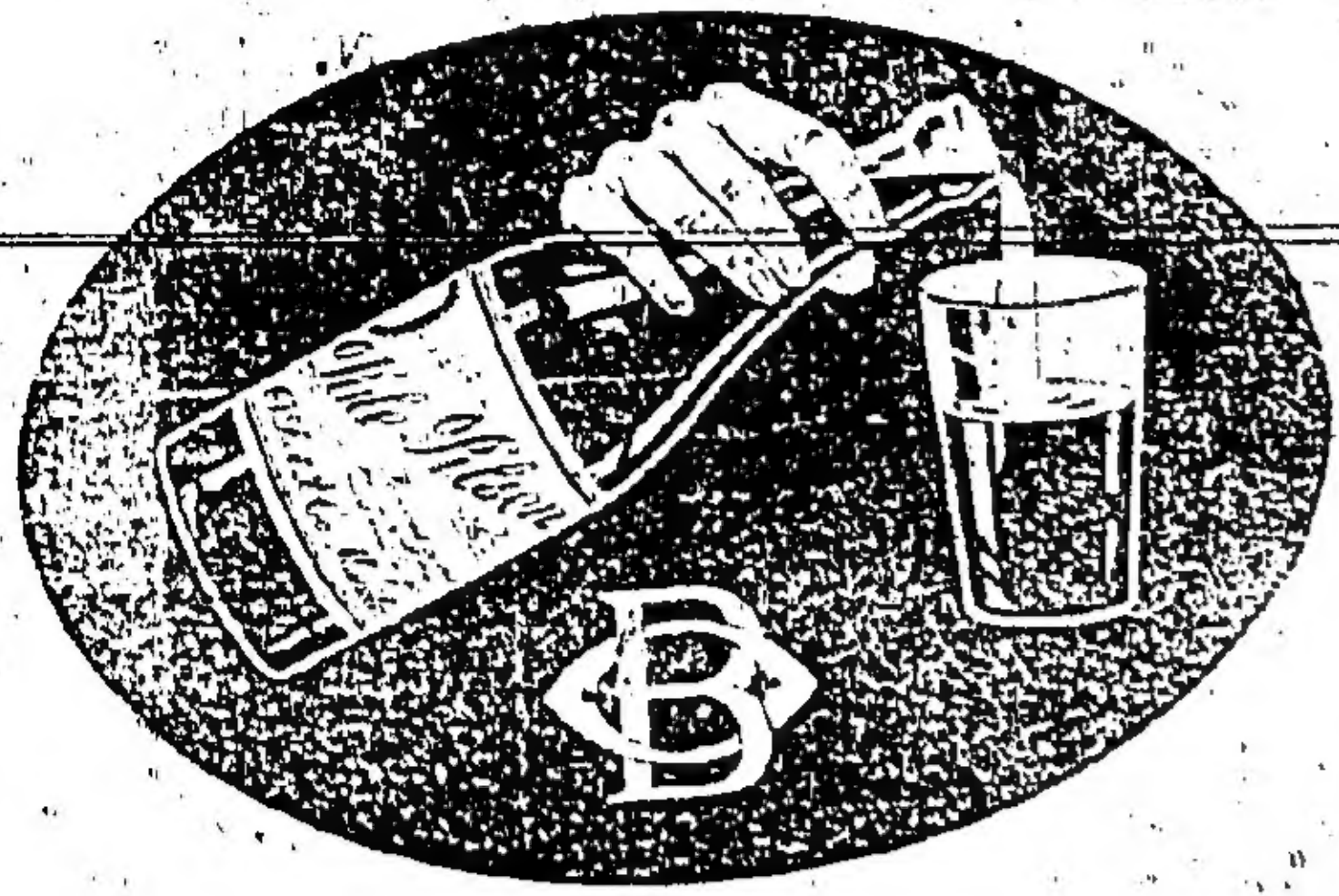
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## AHEAD OF THE MAIL.

(SUPPLEMENTARY WIRE FROM INDIAN PAPERS.)

### SHIPPING DANGER.

LONDON, September 12th. The mishap to the steamer *Kuipers* of Scotland in the busiest approach to Southampton, i.e., near the Nab light-ship has disclosed the existence of a sunken wreck over which there is only thirty-six feet of water. It transpires that the wreck has shifted from its original position and there must have been innumerable narrow escapes from disaster to vessels.

### FUTURE OF THE BRITISH PEOPLE

LONDON, September 12th. That Great Britain is not overpopulated and that four children constituted an ideal family were points in the address of Dr. Vaughan Cornish, presiding over the Geography section of the British Association at Liverpool. He said the British people were pre-eminently the world's doorkeepers in respect of economic, strategic, and racial communications. The decision to erect a barrier against coloured labour in Australia was lost both for whites and the coloured peoples of the monsoon region of Asia. The consolidation of the British position in the world depended on future colonisation. The world 200 years hence would be parcelled among the nations; therefore, only 200 years remained to provide a temperate climate in the British Empire and a sufficiency of stock to ensure the continuance of their British character.

### GABY DES LYS'S STATUE.

LONDON, September 10th. The late Gaby des Lys's mother and sister commissioned a Paris sculptor to execute a statue of the actress for 400,000 francs for erection in her native town, Marseilles, but disliking the model they refused to complete the contract. The sculptor obtained judgment for 50,000 francs for the execution of the model and the execution of the statue was postponed.

### ACROSS THE ATLANTIC BY SAILING BOAT.

New York, September 10th. Alain Gerbault, the French international tennis player, has completed a transatlantic voyage sailing home after 142 days at sea. The boat was built by Kemp, the designer of H.M. King George's private yacht. During the voyage Gerbault encountered three hurricanes, which wrecked the steering gear. He replenished the depleted water supply by collecting rain. He met a liner in mid-Atlantic from which he secured provisions.

### PLYMOUTH-BELFAST AIR MAIL SERVICE.

LEAFIELD (Oxford), September 10th. A successful trial was made yesterday of an air mail service from Plymouth to Belfast, with stops at Birmingham and Manchester. The whole distance was accomplished in 4 hours 55 minutes. The service will be started to-morrow and will form an important accessory to the Trans-Ocean Mail Service reaching Plymouth.

### NORWEGIAN STEAMER FIRED ON.

GIBRALTAR, September 10th. The Norwegian steamer *Saltruten*, which has been engaged in salvaging the Spanish battle-ship *Espartero*, has arrived here and reports that a Spanish armed naval trawler fired on the vessel 20 miles to the south-east of Gibraltar. The vessel was detained for 24 hours while she was searched and finally allowed to proceed.

### PROBLEMS OF WIRELESS TRANSMISSION.

LONDON, September 10th. The final day of the British Association at Liverpool was devoted chiefly to technical discussions. Mr. J. Scott-Taggart, of the Engineering Section, outlined an invention to achieve greater selectivity with wireless receiving sets, and said that atmospheric interference remained an important problem. The other becoming congested some difficulty was experienced in separating the desired from the undesired signals. Congestion was due to the necessity of using longer waves for long-distance work and the fact that all high-power stations were broadcast stations. The allocation of any new wave-lengths only increased overcrowding of the ether. Mr. Scott-Taggart's method, by a process of multiplication, increases the elbow-room for signals of any particular wave-length. Sir Oliver Lodge, addressing the concluding general meeting, said that the Assembly had been a great one from the scientific viewpoint. There was an extreme rush of discovery in physical science, but he sometimes thought that we were living in the beginning of the Newtonian era. It was nonsense to talk of Einstein superseding Newton, for the discoveries of the last 23 years merely supplemented Newton.

Those engaged in wireless operations regarded the future with great concern, in view of the statement made by the British Association that wireless communication has become difficult owing to the vast number of signals filling the ether. It is stated that the allocation of new wave-lengths has only made matters worse.

### NEW P. AND O. LINE FOR INDIAN SERVICE.

LONDON, September 22nd. The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Albatross* has made her trial trip from Belfast to London and will shortly be commissioned for Indian service. Visitors aboard the vessel to-day included Viscount Peel, Earl Winterton, the Earl of Mount Edgecumbe, Viscount Pirrie, Lord Inchcape, Lord Glarey, Lord Gladstone, Lord Javert, Mr. Winston Churchill, Mr. Harcourt Wilson, and Mr. James Sexton.

## PUBLIC HOUSE SCHEME IN CARLISLE.

LONDON, September 21st. The Local Advisory Committee of Carlisle and district state that the management of the Public-House Scheme report that the profits for the year were £2,251, after meeting all recurrent charges and writing off the cost of improvements not estimated to increase the realisable value of the properties. After deducting £7,732 in respect of household depreciation, etc., the balance of trading profits amounted to £2,251, of which interest absorbed £20,720 and the residue accrued as a surplus to the Exchequer, making the total net accrued surplus £77,978.

The receipts of the undertaking for the year were more than sufficient to meet all expenditure, and the outstanding indebtedness of the undertaking to the Exchequer was reduced during the year by £20,715, the percentage return on capital employed being 9.1 per cent.

### DANGER TO LIVERPOOL.

LONDON, September 22nd. Dr. Hope, Medical Officer of Health for Liverpool, in a report to the Port Sanitary authorities, says that Liverpool narrowly escaped being swept by a plague brought to the port by rats on a ship from India. He says that the city rat-catching staff discovered dead plague-infected rats in a consignment of mattress fibre while the cargo was being discharged. The native crew were isolated, the cargo cleared and the ship fumigated. Sixty-four rats and two mice were found dead or alive, of which half were infected with plague. (Continued on page 3.)

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WILLIAM FARNUM

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There's a light in your eyes, shining bright."

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WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS;  
LONDON.

The Agency for this Old Established, and Well Known  
Firm has been transferred from CARTERS, to JAMES  
H. BACKHOUSE, LTD., No. 1A, CHATER ROAD.

# ASAHI BEER

SPECIALLY BREWED FOR EXPORT

DAI NIPPON BREWERY CO.

LIMITED.

TOKYO, JAPAN.

SOLE AGENTS

MTSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.

HONGKONG.



## AHEAD OF THE MAIL.

(Continued from page 2.)

### PASSENGERS' AEROPLANE SMASH.

LONDON, September 18th.

Counsel representing the Dalmier Company suggested at the inquest on the victims of the London air mail crash at Lyngby, on Friday, in which five people were killed, that the machine was compelled to land suddenly owing to a violent struggle between two passengers, Mr. John Grimshaw and Mrs. Ethel Armitage, who travelled as Mrs. Grimshaw.

It will be remembered that the machine, which was en route to Manchester from Croxson, passed Leighton Buzzard, flying very low, under heavy clouds, and subsequently encountered difficulties. It circled several times and then suddenly nosedived to a field.

Mrs. Armitage was a beautiful girl aged 21, and her antecedents have completely baffled the police. The inquest was adjourned.

The disaster recalls the mystery of 1922, when an aeroplane dived into the sea near Folkestone, and a London doctor then suggested that a passenger went suddenly mad and killed the pilot.

### COTTON CRISIS IN LANCASHIRE.

LONDON, September 18th.

According to the *Manchester Gazette*, a shortage of cotton is likely in Lancashire, and a most difficult time is ahead for both owners and operatives. In many mills, especially those bought in the boom period, it is also expected that the operatives' Union funds will be rapidly depleted owing to unemployment payments to members.

### ECHO OF FAHMY CASE.

LONDON, September 18th.

The *Daily Express* states that the legal opinion in Cairo is that Fahmy's widow stands little prospect of securing her husband's fortune. She is not likely to convince the Muslim Courts of her innocence, and half of the estate will probably be divided among Fahmy's three sisters, and the remainder go to his paternal uncle. The estate is heavily mortgaged and is probably worth only £150,000.

### NEW GOVERNOR OF GIBRALTAR.

LONDON, September 18th.

Gibraltar. Sir Charles Montre, the new Governor, arrived by the P. and O. steamer *Calcutta* from England at 10 a.m. today, in beautiful weather, and amid salutes from the guns of the fortress. He was received by the civil, naval, and military authorities, guards of honour being provided by the Irish Guards and the 1st Buffs, who recently arrived here from the Near East. Large crowds witnessed the official entry, and troops and boy scouts lined the streets. The installation ceremony was held at Government House in the presence of the principal officials, deputations of public bodies, the Catholic Bishop, prominent people, naval and military officers, and foreign Consuls, and ended with the presentation of addresses from public bodies and the Roman Catholic and Hebrew communities.

### ANGER IN SCHOLASTIC CIRCLES.

LONDON, September 19th.

The National Union of Teachers has issued a lengthy reply to Bishop Weldon's "diatribe." They say that the Union would not object to an inquiry into educational results as suggested by Bishop Weldon, provided it was conducted on broad lines and not made the occasion for further attacks upon teachers.

The unfounded charge in regard to teachers' lack of a sense of duty and conscientiousness is adequately answered by the testimony of many prominent people. The reply quotes a message sent to the teachers by the King and Queen during the War expressing admiration of the teachers' self-denial and devotion.

The reply also defends the teachers' attitude in regard to salaries on the ground that they have acted in self-defence against the attack by local authorities on a solemn and binding engagement.

The reply declares that teachers were tremendously exploited before the war, but preserved their ideals and were responsible for the spirit inculcated in the men who went voluntarily in their thousands to defend their country. Bishop Weldon merely expresses the feeling of his class, which fears the product of the elementary schools because, as Dean Inge puts it, "They are being educated at our expense in order that they may take the bread out of our children's mouths."

### FEDERATION OF BRITISH INDUSTRIES.

LONDON, September 20th.

The Federation of British Industries in conjunction with the various Empire Governments is compiling an encyclopedia of Empire commercial resources and possibilities for use by business men with a view to promoting the development of inter-imperial trade.

### CHALLENGE TO FREE TRADE.

LONDON, September 21st.

Indications are growing that the fiscal controversy is likely to be reopened in the near future.

The Conservative Conference at Plymouth, at the end of October, will be asked by Mr. Basil Peto, Conservative M.P. for the Barnstaple Division of Devon, to declare that the state of trade and unemployment demand an immediate return to a full protective tariff, with increased preference to imports from all parts of the Empire.

The leading organ of the Protectionists in the *London Press* declares: "With the present state of industry, a Party which adopted Protection might sweep the country."

The Free Trade Union is already preparing a stiff fight and will call a conference on the methods to be adopted to support the Free Trade cause, and to make every effort to supply speakers and leaflets throughout the country.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.  
AND  
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

CONSIGNEES—per Company's Steamer "TERESIAS"

are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risks and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 10th October.

Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to Steamer's arrival. All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 15th October, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 30th October, or they will not be recognised. No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 9th October, 1923. [1408]

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE.

FROM NEW YORK.

## THE Steamship

"CHALISTER"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo by her are informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after 13th Oct., 1923, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before 21st October, 1923, or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 13th October, 1923, at 10 a.m. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by THE BANK LINE, LTD., General Agents.

Hongkong, 9th October, 1923. [1408]

## BOWERN & CO.,

No. 8, MURKIN ROAD,  
SHANGHAI

Members—British Chamber of Commerce (Shanghai), Mr. T. W. BOWERN, Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers, Incorporated by Royal Charter, London.

STEAMSHIP AGENTS AND SHIPBROKERS.  
For the Purchase, Sale and Charter of Vessels of any Tonnage, Passenger and/or Cargo, New and/or Old, with delivery China at Very Low Prices.

SALVAGE OPERATORS, MARINE SURVEYORS  
AUCTIONEERS, COAL MERCHANTS,  
FREIGHT BROKERS, METAL MERCHANTS,  
Machinery For Sale, New and Old in First Class Condition.  
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS; SHARE-BROKERS  
(Members Shanghai Share-Brokers' Association).

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA—

GREEN'S PATENT ANCHORS  
SAMUEL WALKER & Co., Ltd. (Sheffield),  
High-Class Steel Manufacturers (Tank Brand).

Catalogues and Price-Lists on application.

(Enquiries Welcomed)

CABLE ADDRESS: BOWERN, Shanghai.  
CODES: Bentley's, Scott's, A.B.C.  
14th Edition and Improved.

"Boy! A Good Smoke, my  
Slippers and Armchair."

THE

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE, LTD.

Do not supply Slippers and  
Chair, but They do supply a

GOOD SMOKE.

## CLOTHES

MAY NOT MAKE THE MAN BUT  
USED RIGHTLY, THEY CERTAINLY  
HELP.

WE WILL KEEP  
YOUR WHOLE  
WARDROBE

IN GOOD CONDITION FOR LESS  
THAN THE PRICE OF ONE NEW  
SUIT.

EVERY GARMENT THOROUGHLY  
STEAM PRESSED (AFTER GENUINE  
DRY-CLEANING) BY EXPERIENCED  
TAILORS.

## STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

HEAD OFFICE and WORKS: YAUMATEL, Tel. K 32.

HONGKONG DEPOT: 16, Stanley Street, Tel. C 1579.

62, Praya East.

KOWLOON DEPOT: 19, Canton Road.

CANTON: 10, Shark Central, East.

Write or Phone for complete PRICE-LIST.



## PIANOS FOR SALE OR HIRE.

TSANG FOOK PIANO CO.

TEL. 2127.

94, WANCHAI ROAD.

SOME DISTANCES IN THE SOUTH CHINA SEA  
AND PHILIPPINE ISLANDS  
By CAPT. G. H. PENNEFATHER.

On Sale at—  
BREWER & Co., Pedder Street.  
YE OLDE PRINTERIE, Ltd., Queen's Road.

## SOMETHING YOU NEED.

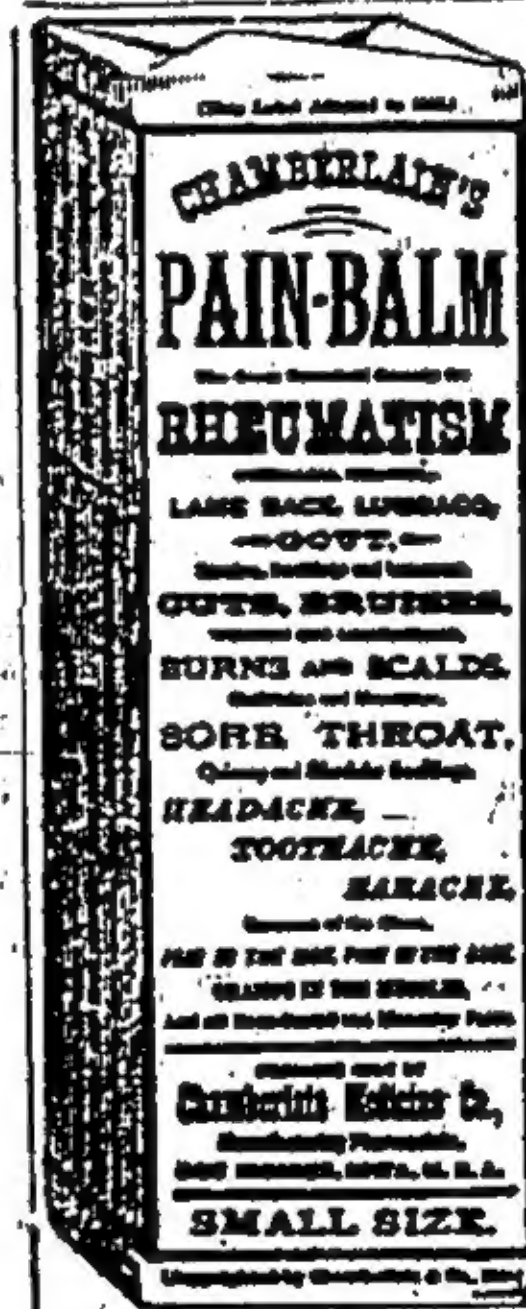
DRAWN WORK and EMBROIDERIES  
of EVERY DESCRIPTION

Shawls, Hand-made Laces, Drawn and Embroidered  
Handkerchiefs, Beaded Articles and Necklaces.  
Suitable for Xmas Presents to send Home.

CHINA SILK & EMBROIDERY CO., LTD.

Wholesale and Retail Merchants.

37, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL (NEXT MADAM FLINT'S).



## Chamberlain's Pain Balm

Cures

Rheumatism, Lame Back,  
Pains in the Side and Chest,  
Burns, Scalds,  
Sore Muscles, Headache, Toothache,  
Cuts and Bruises.

Sold Everywhere

## S. O. A. E. O.

THE FAR EAST OXYGEN AND ACETYLENE CO., LTD.



DEALERS and MANUFACTURERS of Oxygen, Acetylene,  
Carbonic Acid, Ammoniac, Anhydrous sulphurous gases, Carbide  
of Calcium, Motor Cycle acetylene tanks, and all necessary  
equipment for low and high pressure autogenous welding.

Autogenous welding of all metal by Oxy-Acetylenic and  
Electric processes.

Boiler Repairs a speciality.

Apply No. 20, Des Vaux Road, Central, 2nd Floor.

Tel. Central No. 2344.

Prompt refilling at moderate prices of all kinds of Motor  
Cycle acetylene tanks.



# THORNYCROFT

AND CO., LTD.

SHIPBUILDERS AND ENGINEERS

London, Southampton and Basinstoke

PASSENGER AND CARGO VESSELS OF ALL TYPES UP TO 6,000 TONS  
OCEAN-GOING TUGS, MOTOR BOATS (SEA OR RIVER)  
UP TO 50 KNOTS.

TURBINES AND RECIPROCATING MACHINERY AND PROPELLERS

MARINE AND STATIONARY OIL ENGINES 8 TO 90 H.P.

MOTOR VEHICLES 2 TO 6 TONS.

WATER-TUBE BOILERS.

FOR QUOTATION, APPLY—

ROBERT DOLLAR BUILDING,  
SHANGHAI.

## HENRY HEATH HATS

FOR AUTUMN AND WINTER

### JUST UNPACKED

A finer assortment of Smart  
Styles you never saw than these  
New Hats—and such quality.

Hats to suit men of all ages,  
build and features.

Mackintosh & Co., Ltd.,

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Building,

Des Vaux Road.



## WHITE PINE COUGH SYRUP

STOP YOUR COUGH

It contains Soothing Balsams and Astringent Principles

GOOD FOR YOUNG AND OLD.

## THE CHINA DISPENSARY

82, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

## YEE SANG FAT CO.

JUST RECEIVED

A Large Assortment of

WARDROBE and CABIN TRUNKS

SUIT CASES and TRAVELLING RUGS

All at Reasonable Prices.

Latest Styles

WATER PROOF FOR RAINCOATS

Gents Ladies and Children

## YEE SANG FAT CO.

There's  
no "IF"  
but

# Conklin's

Self-Filling  
Fountain Pen

It's a Pen that  
Writes Right.

## THE WING ON CO., LTD.

The Home of Value.

### COMPLAINTS AGAINST SOLICITOR.

A "YOUNG & VERY IGNORANT"  
SOLICITOR'S CHARGES.

The Court of Appeal at Singapore was occupied for two days last week with the consideration of three complaints against a Chinese solicitor, Mr. S. Fung, of Penang, which had been previously investigated and referred to the Council of the Bar Committee of Penang. The Chief Justice (Sir Walter Shaw) was supported by Mr. Justice Barrett-Lennard and Mr. Justice Brown.

The first complaint against Mr. Fung was of undertaking to accept service which was not performed when it should have been, and of taking part in effecting a statement between parties without the knowledge of Mr. Saunders, who was representing one of the parties. The second complaint was that in cross-examining a witness in a case in which he was appearing as counsel, he insisted on making statements to him instead of merely asking questions, and that on one of these occasions, he made a statement that was false. The third complaint was in respect of the bill of costs he delivered for services rendered to Mr. Tye Shou Yuen, the Chinese Consul in Penang. This bill, after taxation, the Registrar only allowed \$1,124, some of the items being entirely disallowed.

Mr. Wright-Motion, of Penang, appeared for the respondent. In dealing with the third complaint, he stated that Mr. Fung did not make regular entries of interviews for which he had charged. There was no doubt that a good deal of work was done, but Mr. Fung was not in a position to justify specific items. Counsel submitted that this did not amount to misconduct and pointed out that the Bar Committee had simply expressed the opinion that the bill was exorbitant. Mr. Fung might have been ignorant, and done things which a senior member of the Bar would not have done, but that did not justify any punishment being meted out to him. Counsel submitted that the usual scale did not apply to certain work done by Mr. Fung, and that there had to be a distinction between litigious and non-litigious work.

Mr. Justice Barrett-Lennard pointed out that Mr. Fung had not shown up in court, and looking up several authorities \$500—\$600.

Mr. Wright-Motion said that there might have been \$200 worth of work done. Other items in the bill did not show what work was done.

Mr. Justice Barrett-Lennard: I think this is an extraordinary item. I have never heard anything like it. A leading counsel does not get anything like that in fees.

Counsel: Some very extraordinary fees are paid out here, my lord. I think I could surprise your Lordship if I could go into the witness-box.

His Lordship: But you can get a most efficient Chancery lawyer for half that sum. A junior counsel would be happy to receive a bill for five guineas.

Counsel: I know of several specific cases, one of which came to my knowledge recently, in which a member of the Bar in Penang charged \$1,500 for an interview—and got it. The bill was produced to the Registrar and was used by Mr. Fung as a guide to himself. It was only a three-hour bill and \$2,000 was charged. What is a young junior practitioner to do but follow his seniors? It is the system that is at fault.

His Lordship: It is so lowering to the profession when this sort of thing is done. I look at this with English eyes and I have not the slightest doubt that such charges could not be justified in any circumstances.

Counsel said he did not seek to justify the charges, but with no law to guide him what was a young practitioner to do but follow the senior members?

His Lordship: I don't care whether there is a scale or not. Anybody should know in round figures what should be lawfully asked.

The Chief Justice remarked that it was impossible to charge the same fees in every case. One could not charge a man of the coolie type the same as a rich Chinese.

Counsel: That is why we get the obnoxious conveyance in Penang at \$3.

Mr. Justice Barrett-Lennard: I think to offer a solicitor \$3 for conveyancing is degrading to the solicitor. That is the other extreme.

Counsel agreed with the Chief Justice that the complainant in the present case was a wealthy man, instancing a few items in the bill in respect of property worth several hundreds of thousands of dollars. He added that the action of Mr. Fung was very different from misconduct; had he wanted to be fraudulent he could have used a different method.

Mr. Justice Brown: If a solicitor makes a charge that is not justifiable and he knows it, relying upon the ignorance of his client, does it not really amount to fraud?

Mr. Wright-Motion said the Bar Committee's finding on that was that Mr. Fung was ignorant of the law and ignorant of the practice.

Mr. Justice Barrett-Lennard in his judgment said: With regard to the third charge I feel that were it not for the finding of the Bar Committee I should be unable to concur with this order. The Bar Committee think the respondent was young and very ignorant. It is conceivable that a young and very ignorant man may labour under the delusion that he is entitled to charge his clients fees which are never paid to any ordinary practitioner. Looking at the Bill it seems to me that were the respondent not a young and ignorant man it would be impossible to say that his conduct was not so gravely improper as to call for drastic punishment. But I assume that the respondent is in fact too young and ignorant to appreciate the gravity of his own act.

Mr. Justice Brown agreed.

### CHINA'S NATIONAL DAY. THE REPUBLICAN VIEW.

The Canton Daily News in a leading article on China's National Day says:—

As a people, we have every right to rejoice that we are living in a Republic, however young and imperfect it is at present. Truly to-day, it is true, still lament the passing away of the Manchu monarchy, and doubtless, here and there, may be found men who are willing, like the late, Chang Hsun, to spend their fortunes for the re-establishment of the Manchu throne; but their number dwindles into insignificance before the millions who have had a foretaste of the liberty and freedom of Republicanism.

The blessings we expect from a Republican Government unhappily cannot be obtained in full. On the contrary, the disasters which seem to characterize the early days of every Republican country, come upon us as well. The military hordes plunder and slay the innocent and helpless people in the name of the Republic; the students trample upon discipline in the name of Freedom; and politicians bleed the country in the name of law. We have our own portion of the baptism of fire as well as other nations. Time will bring all things to pass; and we must pray for consummate patience to endure the sufferings while they last.

But we have many things to be thankful for. The Father of the Republic is still among us fighting manfully to uphold the banners of the Republic against sinistral and corruptive influence. We welcome the birth of public opinion which seems to grow stronger and stronger every day. The doors of opportunity are thrown wide open to everybody as they have never been before. Industries have sprung up and men and women are given every opportunity to make themselves useful. Our horizon is much more widened to-day, and our soul rejoices over its freedom. The prospects, though somewhat dimmed by the chaos of these days, are nevertheless bright. Men who defy "the" present state of affairs fail to discern the presence of a calm, steady, fast, and powerful undercurrent that is sure to bring about a happy, peaceful, and prosperous Republic. Militarists and may foam politicians may froth, but the walls of the innocent victims have pierced the hearts of the mighty Gideons of China who will surely go forth to battle for the cause of right and justice.

We can, therefore, take courage and renew our spirits as we behold these silent forces working for a strong and stable Republic. We have chosen this form of government and we cannot afford to turn and look back. Ours is to pursue the evil and set up a Republic that will be a glory as well as a blessing to us and to all mankind. Long live the Republic of China.

### SPORT CRICKET.

HONGKONG C.C. 2nd XI.  
(UNIVERSITY "A")

The following will represent the Hongkong Cricket Club 2nd XI. in their League match against the Hongkong University "A" on the Club ground at 2.15 p.m. next Saturday:—R. M. Chaloner, J. E. Hancock, H. E. Holland, P. Jacks, A. E. Mackenzie, D. H. F. McMaster, C. V. Mark, D. E. G. Nicholson, G. H. Piercy, T. W. Riddell and D. Reid.

### SLICED MANGO AND MANGO JAM.

Messrs. Lane, Crawford, Ltd., have been appointed retail agents in Hongkong for the Mango products of the Philippine Fruit and Packing Company of Manila, which concern, after three years' constant research work in its laboratory, has finally succeeded in putting this delicious tropical fruit on the market in tins. The flavour of the fruit has been remarkably preserved in the packing; at present only the sliced mango and mango jam are available, but this enterprising concern is experimenting along other lines which will be marketed in future. The demand for the tinned mango from the United States is reaching large proportions, and it is expected that about four million fresh mangoes will be required to meet next year's demands. Many American residents of Manila are shipping to their friends in the United States for Christmas-cake lots of both sliced mangos and mango jam.

### SAIGON RICE MARKET.

The Compagnie de Commerce et de Navigation d'Extrême Orient, in their report dated Saigon, September 21th, state:—

The market is still very quiet. The floods caused by the Mekong, mentioned in our last advice, have not caused as much damage as was first feared. Prices have declined but sellers of paddy have withdrawn, the stocks offered at the beginning of the last week resulting in a present stronger tendency.

The total amount of rice exported from January 1st up to September 10th, 1923, is 917,203 tons against 801,758 tons in 1922.

We quote to-day:—White Saigon rice, No. 2, sifted, Japan quality, Hongkong, \$4.60 per picul, f.o.b. Saigon, for October shipment.

### INTIMATIONS

#### NOTICE OF REMOVAL

THE OFFICE of the "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS" have been removed to 1A CHATER ROAD (2nd floor), to which Address all Correspondence should be directed. Hongkong, 16th July, 1923.

HONGKONG ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

#### NOTICE OF CALL

Issue of 25,000 SHARES OF THE NOMINAL VALUE OF \$10 EACH (\$5.00 PAID-UP).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD CALL of \$2.50 per Share on each of the 25,000 Shares allotted on the 8th day of NOVEMBER, 1923, has been made by the Company, and that such Call will be payable to the company's Bankers, The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, in Hongkong, on the 15th day of OCTOBER, 1923.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 8th to 13th October, both days inclusive.

For and on behalf of the  
HONGKONG ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION Co., Ltd.

S. COURTNEY COOK,  
Secretary.

Dated the 21st day of September, 1923. [1335]

### JAPANESE EARTHQUAKE DISASTER.

#### HONGKONG RELIEF FUND.

#### NOTICE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS LISTS for the above Fund are open at the following places:—  
HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER of COMMERCE,  
HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,  
CANTON BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRIA & CHINA,  
MERCHANTS BANK OF INDIA,  
INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION,  
NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY,  
YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK,  
HONGKONG CLUB.

Cheques should be made out to the Order of the Japanese Earthquake Disaster Hongkong Relief Fund.

By Order,  
D. K. BLAIR,  
Secretary.

HONGKONG RELIEF COMMITTEE.

Hongkong, 10th September, 1923. [1297]

### BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

#### NEW ISSUE

FRENCH TREASURY BONDS 4% 1923.

#### PRICE OF ISSUE.

Frs. 88.50 FOR FRs. 100 OR NOMINAL VALUE.  
Free of Taxes, No Prizes.  
Coupons Payable Twice a Year, on the 20th of MAY and 20th of NOVEMBER.  
First Dividend of Frs. 12 to be Paid on the 20th of NOVEMBER, 1923.

BONDS OF FRs. 500 AND FRs. 5,000 CAN BE RETURNED AT THE OPTION OF THE BUYER.  
At Par on the 20th of MAY, 1923.  
At Frs. 103 on the 20th of MAY, 1923.  
At Frs. 105 on the 27th of JUNE, 1923.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will be Received up to the 1st of NOVEMBER, 1923, by the BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, C.E. GOV.,  
Manager.

### NAVY LEAGUE BALL

Under the Patronage of

ADMIRAL SIR ARTHUR LEVESON, K.C.B.

(IN AID OF WAR CHARITIES)

Will be held at

THE CITY HALL,

on

FRIDAY, 2ND NOVEMBER, 1923,

at 8.30 P.M.

TICKETS (4s each), Obtainable from the LADIES' COMMITTEE, MOUTRIE'S AND THE ENGINEER'S INSTITUTE. [1403]

### IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES

ORDINANCE 4, 1911-1921

and

IN THE MATTER OF THE HONGKONG

HIDE & LEATHER CO., LTD.

(IN LIQUIDATION)

PURSUANT to Section 181 of the Companies Ordinance, 1911, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of Creditors of the above-named Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Percy Smith, Sze & Fleming, 5, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, at 12 o'clock Noon, on FRIDAY, 18th OCTOBER, 1923.

At this Meeting the Creditors will be asked to determine whether an application shall be made to the Court for the appointment of any person as Liquidator in the place of or jointly with myself the Liquidator appointed by the Company, or for the appointment of a Committee of Inspection.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Creditors of the above-named Company are required, on or before the 20th NOVEMBER, NEXT, to send in their Names and Addresses (if any), to Messrs. HAMPDEN ROSS, of Messrs. Percy Smith, Sze & Fleming, the Liquidator of the Company; and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are, by their Solicitors or personally, to come in and prove their Debts or Claims, at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such Debts are proved.

Dated the 9th day of October, 1923.  
S. HAMPDEN ROSS,  
Liquidator.

[1405]

### INTIMATIONS

#### NOTICE.

MR. H. SCHMIDT has been Authorized to Sign our Firm For Procurement. 14201  
SIEMSEN & CO.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

IN BANKRUPTCY No. 13 of 1923.

Re P. A. LAPIQUE and COMPANY.

TENDERS are invited up to and including the 15th day of OCTOBER, 1923, for the purchase of the HOUSE and PREMISES known as "THE BLACKBERRY" being Rural Building Lot No. 135, situated on Victoria Road about One and a Half Miles from West Point, also of an adjoining piece of Ground being Rural Building Lot No. 215. The area of both pieces of Ground is 23,087 square feet or thereabouts.

The whole of the above Property will be Sold as One Lot.

Rural Building Lot No. 215 is subject to a Building Covenant, particulars whereof can be obtained from the Under-signed.

Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the amount of the Tender returnable at the discretion of the Tenders has been made. Permits to view may be obtained on application to the Under-signed.

The right to accept the highest or any Tender is reserved.  
Tenders will be received at the office of the Under-signed—9, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong, up to the 15th day of OCTOBER, 1923.  
[1394] WILKINSON & GRIET.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Under-signed have received instructions to put up for Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, on

THURSDAY,

the 11th day of October, 1923, at 3 p.m.,

at the Auction Rooms of

Messrs. LAMBERT BROTHERS,

At No. 3, DUNDAS STREET.

The following Property:—

A DWELLING HOUSE known as

No. 4, HILL ROAD, VICTORIA.

in the Colony of Hongkong and situated upon the REMAINING PORTION OF

SECTION B. OF MARINE LOT No. 188

and the REMAINING PORTION OF

SECTION C. OF MARINE LOT No. 189.

The area of the property is 3,771 square feet and it is held for the term of 999 years from June 18th 1881 subject to the Crown Rents of \$13.37 and \$28.68.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale can be obtained at the Auction Rooms or from the Under-signed.

Messrs. HASTINGS & HASTINGS,  
DENNIS & BOWLEY,  
4, Des Vaux Road Central.

[1384]

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale of Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 15th day of October, 1923, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of one Lot of CROWN LAND at Pokfulam in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale can be obtained at the Auction Rooms or from the Under-signed.

Messrs. HASTINGS & HASTINGS,  
DENNIS & BOWLEY,  
4, Des Vaux Road Central.

[1384]

### PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot.	Boundary Measurements.	Containing in Acres, Roods, and Perches.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
1	As per plan.	0.12	20,000	20,000

[1404]

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale of Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 15th day of October, 1923, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of one Lot of CROWN LAND at Shaokwan in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale can be obtained at the Auction Rooms or from the Under-signed.

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1	As per plan.	0.12	20,000	20,000

[1404]

### TO LET.

OFFICES in UNION BUILDING—One Room on Fifth Floor.

Apply  
UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANON, LTD.



JAPANESE EARTHQUAKE  
DISASTER.HONGKONG RELIEF COMMITTEES  
ACTIVITIES.

The following minutes of a meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce Room, Chartered Bank Building, on Tuesday, 10th October, have been forwarded to us for publication:

Representing the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce: Mr. G. T. Edkins (Chairman), Hon. Mr. A. G. Stephen, Hon. Mr. F. H. Hubyak, Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang, Mr. N. L. Watson, Mr. T. G. Wood.

Representing the Tung Wah Hospital Authorities and the Chinese Chamber of Commerce: Hon. Mr. Chan Siu Ki, Mr. Wong Ping Sun, Mr. Ho Kwong, Mr. Li Po Kwai.

Representing the Japanese Community: Mr. T. Nishigaki, Mr. Y. Tsutsumi, Mr. K. Shima, Mr. I. Kawaguchi, Mr. S. Okubo, Mr. H. Tsuda.

Representing the Portuguese Community: Mr. P. V. Barilho.

Secretary to the Relief Committee: Mr. D. K. Blair.

## WELCOME TO A NEW MEMBER.

The Chairman welcomed to the Committee Mr. Tsuda who, he said, had recently come from the earthquake district and who had already been of great assistance to the Committee. Mr. Tsuda, who had joined the Japanese Community, whose members had collected substantial sums towards relief work.

## FINANCIALS.

The Chairman mentioned that the unexpended balance of the Relief Fund amounted at date to \$151,000. As illustrating the need for continued support of the Relief Fund, the Chairman drew attention to the very interesting extracts published in the *Daily Press* of October 9th. There could be nothing more striking, he remarked, than the statement of Dr. Munro that his personal loss of 15 years of research work and property worth \$100,000 was trifling in comparison with the extent of the disaster which had overtaken his neighbours and the Japanese generally.

## RELIEF SUB-COMMITTEE.

The Chairman said that since the last meeting the Committee had received a number of valuable messages from Mr. McArthur concerning the suggestions of the Sub-Committee recently appointed on behalf of this Committee in Japan.

Telegraphing on September 30th, Mr. McArthur sent the following message:—  
"All committees ask us to convey their grateful thanks for Hongkong help."

"Blankets for Chinese people: warm clothing needed immediately and later more money for subsistence, for 400 destitute Chinese remaining in Japan who are seeking employment and have no friends in China."

"Large supplies of all kinds, including lumber, arriving from Pacific Coast in relief of Japanese."

"Twelve hundred European refugees in Kobe: mostly destitute dependents upon foreign relief fund. Unexpended balance ¥140,000 insufficient cover anticipated needs, subsistence, repatriation. Funds not used for rehabilitation work. Men, but widows with children helped. Requirements: two thousand warm blankets, 200 pairs men's heavy boots and shoes, 200 women's and 300 children's shoes."

"American Red Cross contributed ¥50,000 special fund for direct monetary relief American citizens. American business rehabilitation Committee formed, working in conjunction with American Embassy and U.S. Chamber of Commerce in New York for resuscitation of business. American firms and individuals will not call on any relief fund."

"British subject Relief Fund is providing passages home and monetary assistance after leaving, especially widows."

Mr. McArthur promised a further message as to plans for the re-establishment of businesses of British firms and the requirements of the dependents of British killed.

The Mayor of Yokohama in a message asked for material such as timber and roofing sent ready for erection. On receipt of this request (said the Chairman) he consulted Mr. Tsuda who obtained the assistance of a Japanese architect and a carpenter who designed a type of hutment considered suitable—about the size of an Army hut, but subdivided into compartments. Four of these were constructed, between Saturday, Sept. 29th, and Tuesday, Oct. 2nd, two at Kowloon Dock and two at Taikoo Dock and they were shipped on the *Rapahoe* of Russia which sailed on October 4th.

Since then a request had been received for three-roomed huts to be used for housing students. Mr. Tsuda had suggested that these must be requested for primary school students, namely, children of the poorest class, as the needs of secondary school students would be met by the Japanese Government elsewhere than in Yokohama.

The Committee approved the dispatch of huts in accordance with this request and also endorsed the action already taken in constructing the four barrack huts.

Later messages indicated a need for two thousand blankets and 900 pairs of boots and shoes. A preliminary consignment of 100 pairs each of men's, women's and children's shoes had been sent and the Naval Authorities had rendered assistance by supplying some excellent men's boots at a low price. It was proposed to await information as to sizes before forwarding a larger supply of footwear.

The Committee approved this action and authorized the dispatch of 2,000 blankets, mentioned in Mr. McArthur's message.

FURTHER NEEDS OF THE KORE RELIEF  
COMMITTEE.

A later message from Mr. McArthur, dated October 3rd, was as follows:—

"Foreign Relief Committee estimate future expenditure at least Yen 250,000 being Yen 110,000 in excess of unexpended balance. They appeal for contribution Yen 100,000 from your fund. We commend to your favourable consideration. As funds not immediately required suggest that you defer remitting until receipt of my letter of 2nd October."

The Chairman said he recalled the Hon. Mr. Stephen on this telegram. They considered that some money should be telegraphed as an earnest of the Committee's sympathy, pending the receipt of Mr. McArthur's letter. At this time, also, there was received a letter from the Kobe Foreign Board of Trade stating that the *ss. Yomogaki*, now lying at Yokohama, was acting as the distribution centre for stores being sent there by the Relief Committee. Under these circumstances, and in view of the undoubted relief nature of the expedition, the Board requested assistance from the Hongkong Relief Committee. It was felt that the Committee was justified in making the grant of Yen 10,000 already tentatively offered and this sum was telegraphed also Yen 10,000 for the relief of British sufferers, and Yen 10,000 for the relief of foreigners other than British, pending the submission to the Committee of the larger question of a grant of Yen 100,000.

The Committee approved the action taken, and it was agreed to await Mr. McArthur's letter before considering further grants.

The Chairman remarked that the Hongkong Committee had already contributed to the Kobe Relief Fund in kind to the extent of \$125,000, apart from the contribution of Yen 20,000 just voted.

## NIPPON HUTS.

The Kobe Foreign Board of Trade called on October 2nd asking if Nippon Huts could be obtained to accommodate fifty men, also material and equipment for emergency kitchen, building and mess hall to be used as quarters for foreign business men engaged in resuscitating business interests in Yokohama.

The Chairman said that no huts of this kind were available in Hongkong so that the only way to deal with the application would be to construct the huts. However, no further action had been taken pending negotiations by the Hon. Mr. Stephen as to chartering the *Orizaba*, on which a reply was being awaited. In view of the probable conditions ashore, he could not help thinking that a ship would make better headquarters than any accommodation that could be provided on land.

## RELIEF TO EUROPEANS ON "DONGOLA."

It was reported that a letter, signed by eighteen European passengers on the *ss. Dongola* who were given assistance in money and in kind when passing through Hongkong, had recently been received. The writers expressed their deep appreciation and very grateful thanks to the Committee for the very generous and thoughtful assistance afforded them while in Hongkong. They thanked those who had so generously subscribed to the fund and whose assistance was so ably administered by the Committee. The Singapore Chamber of Commerce also wrote acknowledging receipt of a cable from the Hongkong Relief Committee and stating that the Singapore Relief Committee had afforded to British refugees on board *ss. Dongola* such assistance as lay in their power to give. A telegram similar to the one received from Hongkong had been forwarded to Colombo.

## CHINESE FUNDS.

Mr. Ho Kwong reported that the Chinese community had raised to date \$36,000 and had spent on relief of Chinese refugees, and in donations to Kobe funds, \$34,000 plus \$4,000 paid to boarding houses. About two hundred more refugees were expected but he thought sufficient funds would be available to meet their requirements as collections were still being made. Mr. Ho Kwong supported the Chairman's proposal that a letter of acknowledgment be sent to Messrs. Jack A Tai for their great assistance in the handling of Chinese refugees and in finding boarding accommodation for them.

## RESIGNATION OF MR. W. B. WALKER.

Mr. W. B. Walker wrote that as he was leaving Hongkong about the 15th instant, having been transferred to the New York Office of the Standard Oil Co. and owing to pressure of work in preparation for his departure, it was necessary for him to tender his resignation as a member of the Committee.

The resignation was accepted with regret and the Secretary was instructed to convey to Mr. Walker the thanks of the Committee for his valuable assistance and advice during his service on the Committee.

This concluded the business.

MOTOR CYCLE COMBINATION  
ACCIDENT.DRIVEN AND PASSENGERS HAVE  
NARROW ESCAPE.

Three Europeans had a very narrow escape from being killed on Tuesday night when a motor cycle combination upon which they were riding went over the banking leading from Repulse Bay to Stanley at a point known as Stanley Gap. The machine toppled a distance of about fifty feet down the bank before it came to a stop against the wall of a culvert. The combination was badly mangled, the side-car being torn from the cycle. The driver of the machine (Mr. G. L. Buchanan of the Prison Department) and his friend riding pillion fashion escaped with slight injuries but the other passenger, Mr. William Blackman, who was riding in the side-car, received a nasty scalp wound which necessitated his admittance to the Government Civil Hospital; his condition, however, is not regarded as serious.

## OPIUM ON A YACHT.

WHAT THE REVENUE OFFICERS  
FOUND ON THE "WEST WIND."

Chief Preventive Officer S. J. Clark, acting on information received, raided Mr. G. G. Wood's cutter, the *West Wind*, on Tuesday afternoon, and made a large seizure of prepared opium. Over 913 tins, valued at about \$10,000, were found in various parts of the yacht. Two tins, the *West Wind* was found on board the yacht at the time of raid were arrested and yesterday morning they were brought before Mr. J. R. Wood, and charged with unlawful possession.

(Giving evidence the Chief Preventive Officer said that he visited the yacht, which was lying at Ah King's slipway. In the forepeak were found two tins, and in one of these were three tins, each containing 20 tins of opium; in the other tin were found 15 other tins, representing a total of 100 tins. Amongst some old ropes and other things were found 25 further tins, containing 500 tins in all.

The first defendant, who was stated to be in the employ of Mr. G. G. Wood, told the Magistrate that the opium had been left in his custody by a friend. The second defendant said that he was only a visitor to the yacht. He denied all knowledge of the opium.

Mr. Clark said in view of the first defendant's admission he was quite prepared to withdraw the charge against the second defendant.

The second defendant was discharged. Mr. G. G. Wood, who was present in Court, was asked by his Worship, if he had anything to say concerning the case. He replied that he had only come to watch the case. The defendant, he added, had been in his employ for about four months.

The Magistrate pointed out that the defendant was liable to a fine of \$100,000. He sentenced him to 12 months' imprisonment with hard labour.

## WAS IT MALICIOUS?

GOVERNMENT MOTOR CAR  
DAMAGED.

Mr. W. J. E. Mackenzie, Colonial Veterinary Surgeon, summoned a young Chinese at the Magistracy, yesterday morning for maliciously and wilfully damaging the hood of a Government motor-car, No. 839, to the extent of \$100.

According to the evidence given by Mr. Mackenzie, he was in the car on Saturday last, proceeding along Connaught Road West, near the Western Market, when the defendant carrying a number of scaffolding poles, each 25 feet long, pushed the poles through the hood of the car.

Corroborative evidence was given by the driver of the car. His Worship (Mr. Melbourne) said that on the evidence placed before him he could not see how the action could be described as malicious. He asked Inspector Purden if he was agreeable to the word "Malicious" being withdrawn.

Inspector Purden, while leaving the matter in his Worship's hands, contended that the defendant knew what he was doing and, therefore, the damage was done wilfully.

The Magistrate decided to adjourn the case to this morning to consider his decision.

ANOTHER LUKONG SENT  
TO GAOL.REPORTED 21 TIMES SINCE  
JANUARY.

A Lukong, who was charged yesterday morning, before Mr. Melbourne, with being absent from station and from duty on the 8th inst., told his Worship that he was guilty and pleaded that he went to sleep and could faintly remember being seized several times by the Barrack Sergeant, but he went off to sleep again. Mr. D. Burlingham, Assistant Superintendent of Police, who prosecuted, said the defendant joined the Force in October 1922. There were 23 reports against him since January of this year, "which," he said, "added Mr. Burlingham, is as bad as it possibly could be."

Seven days' imprisonment was ordered.

PEAK RESIDENT CAUTIONED.  
MOSQUITOES AT "THE FALLS."

Mr. H. E. Parkinson, of the British American Tobacco Co., was summoned at the Magistracy, yesterday, by Sanitary Inspector R. B. Wood, for allowing an accumulation of mosquito larvae in an old well near his house, "The Falls," No. 82, the Peak.

Mr. F. G. Vaux appeared to defend and explained that a notice to clear the nuisance had been served previously and Mr. Parkinson had instructed his boy to pour some kerosene into the well. As the nuisance had not been done, but the nuisance had been rectified since the inspection, said Mr. Vaux mentioned that Mr. Parkinson was not now living at the house, having left it two weeks ago.

Inspector Wood said he was not pressing the case as he was satisfied with what had been done, and from that time onwards they would hold the new tenant responsible.

His Worship (Mr. Melbourne) recorded a caution.

## TSAO KUN "THE USURPER."

DR. SUN YAT SEN'S VIGOROUS  
NOTE TO THE POWERS.

A series of telegrams from all parts of China have been reaching Canton, urging Dr. Sun Yat Sen to express in some concrete act of statesmanship the nationwide opposition to and repudiation of Tsao Kun as President. At a lengthy Cabinet meeting on Monday attended by all the cabinet members and high officials, it was decided to address a manifesto to the Foreign Powers on the subject. On Tuesday afternoon, the following statement was issued and handed to Sir James Jamieson, as Senior Consul at Canton, for communication to the Diplomatic Body at Peking and the Foreign Powers:—

"In connection with the so-called presidential election recently held in Peking, I have specially to call the attention of the Foreign Powers to the nationwide opposition to Tsao Kun as president of China. Illicit and uneducated, he is opposed and repudiated not only because he is the man who looted Peking in February, 1912, and is mainly responsible as the highest military officer of the Licheng incident, but chiefly because his election has been brought about in circumstances of illegality and corruption which make it an outrage to any nation with civilised habits of thought and action."

"There have been sordid transactions in history, but none equal in shamelessness to this latest attempt to seize high power. No people that have the right to live as a self-respecting nation."

"The Chinese People as a whole, therefore, regards the election of Tsao Kun as an act of usurpation and treason which must be and shall be resisted and punished. This determination of our People is immediately to find its concrete expression in a national government whose formation is now being worked out by representative leaders of the nation."

"I have to request the Foreign Powers and their representatives in Peking to avoid any act which could be construed by the new Peking usurper as an intimation or assurance of international recognition and support. The foreign recognition of Tsao Kun would perpetuate interdecade strife and disorder, and would be envisaged by the Chinese People as a frustration of their declared will regarding an act which cuts at the moral fibre of the national character."

(Signed) SUN YAT SEN.

A "GRAND ARMY" TO BE  
ORGANISED.

The *Canton Daily News* reports that at a meeting of the high officials in Canton, held at General Headquarters, it was decided that drastic measures should be taken against Tsao Kun. It is reported that the first step to be taken by the Constitutionalists against Tsao Kun is to issue a joint telegram condemning the crimes of this "hogus president." The second step will be to send a grand expeditionary army to the North. This grand army will be joined by the Constitutional forces in Kwangtung, Kwangsi, Fukien, Hunan, Szechuen, Yunnan, Kweichow, Chekiang and Shensi.

## AN UNUSUAL CASE.

GO-BETWEEN FOR MARINE STORE  
DEALER FINED.

What was described as being only the second case of its kind to have been brought before the Magistracy was dealt with yesterday by Mr. J. R. Wood, when a Chinese was charged with carrying on the trade of a marine store dealer, without a licence. The case is a sequel to one dealt with by Mr. Wood on Saturday when the second engineer of the *ss. Serisutan*, named David McKenzie, was sent to prison for three months for theft of certain stores belonging to the vessel.

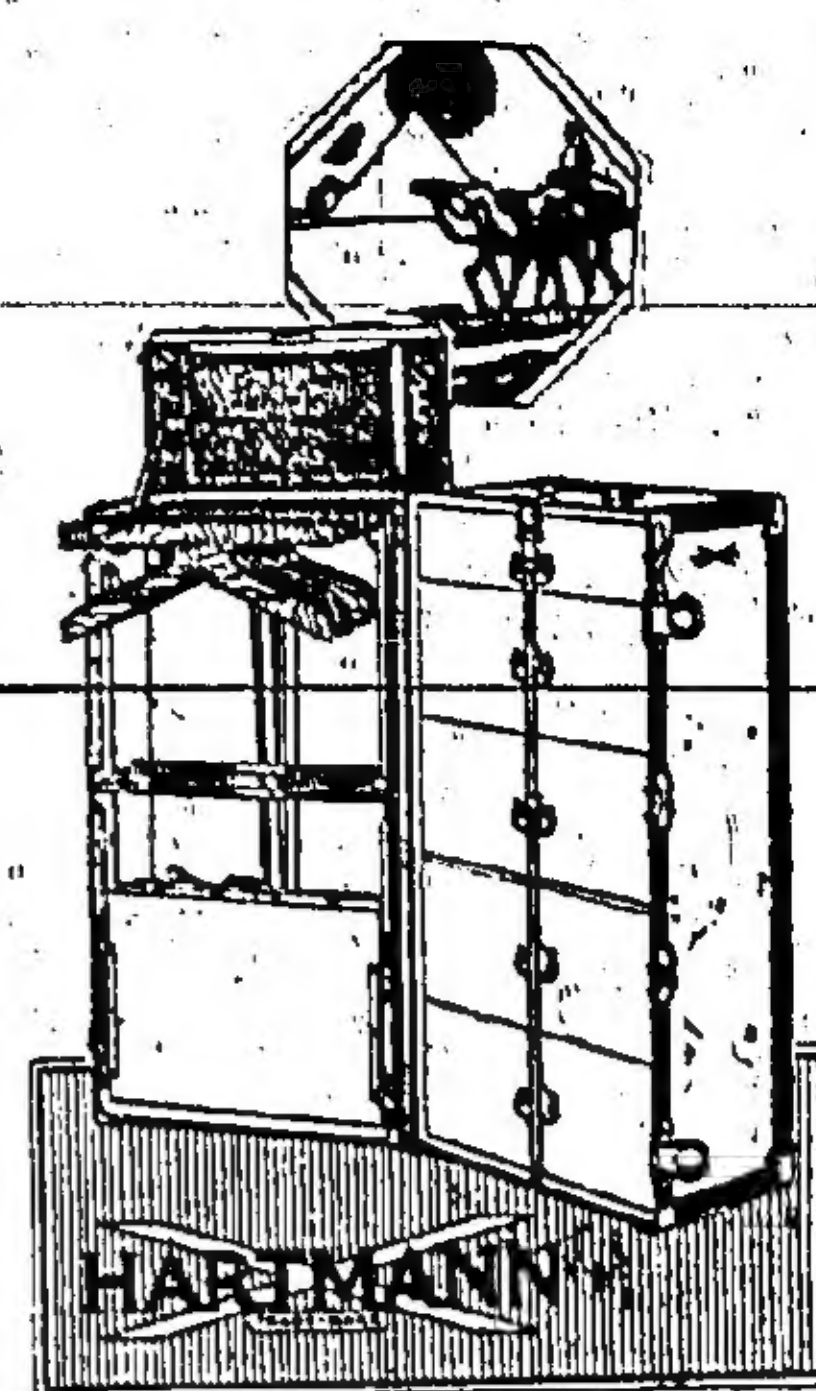
Mr. F. G. Vaux appeared for the defendant and pleaded "Guilty" to a technical offence.

Acting Inspector Spear said the defendant purchased certain stores belonging to the *ss. Serisutan* from a second engineer employed on the vessel. He later sold them to a marine store dealer. Asked by the Magistrate if the defendant could get a licence if he applied for one, Inspector Spear said he could only obtain the licence through a marine store dealer who could make application for a licence for him to purchase stores on his behalf.

The Magistrate imposed a nominal fine of \$1.

THE "CHANGSHA" STRANDING  
COURT OF INQUIRY TO BE HELD.

A Court of enquiry will sit at the Harbour Office to-morrow morning at half past ten to investigate the circumstances surrounding the stranding of the *ss. Changsha* on the Tigi Bank, near Sundaikan, on August 9th, while on her way from Sydney to Hongkong. The vessel is now in Taikoo Dock, having been refloated on the 21st of last month. The Court will consist of the Harbour Master (Commander C. W. Beckwith, R.N.), Lieut. J. B. Farrant, R.N. (H.M.S. *Blanchard*), Captain W. Davison (Marine Superintendent of the C.P.S.S.), Captain D. Evans (*ss. Eburna*) and Captain S. Tucker (*ss. Kwangtung*).



THE EVIDENT PREFERENCE FOR HARTMANN WARDROBE TRUNKS AMONG EXPERIENCED TRAVELLERS, IS THE RESULT OF EXCLUSIVE CONVENIENCES OF ARRANGEMENT AND SUPERIORITIES OF CONSTRUCTION. WE OFFER A CONVINCING DEMONSTRATION WITHOUT OBLIGATION.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

SOLE AGENTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HARTMANN WARDROBE TRUNKS

IN

HONGKONG.

No. 1 EXTRA FINE OLD BRANDY.

THE "SHARK" BRANDY.

Per bottle, including duty	...	\$ 2.00
" " " " "	...	1.25
" case " " "	...	24.00

Bottled by Boutillier, Delauriere & Co.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

"YES! WE HAVE NO BANANAS"

AND OTHER ENGLISH  
DANCE RECORDS.

(ALL NEW PROCESSES)

ANDERSON'S.

**Powell Ltd.**

"JAEGER"

GOLF COATS AND SWEATERS

AFTERNOON

GOWNS

MERIDIAN

UNDERWEAR



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

IN HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S  
SUPREME COURT FOR CHINA  
AT SHANGHAI.IN THE MATTER OF THE CHINA  
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE  
CO., LTD.IN THE MATTER OF THE  
COMPANIES' ORDINANCES  
(HONGKONG) 1911 to 1921.NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by  
an Order dated the 14th day of  
SEPTEMBER, 1923, this Court has  
directed separate Meetings of the following  
Classes of persons, namely:

- The Members of the said Company.
- The Creditors of the said Company other than Policy Holders.
- The Holders of Current Policies with the said Company subject to premiums and carrying the right of participation in future profits and of paid up policies with the said Company carrying such right.
- The Holders of Current Policies with the said Company subject to premiums and carrying no right of participation in future profits and of paid up policies with the said Company carrying no such right.
- The Holders of Policies with the said Company in respect of which the policy moneys have become payable by death or maturity.

FOR THE PURPOSE of considering and if thought fit approving with or without modification the scheme of arrangement proposed to be made between the said Company and the said Members, Creditors and Policy Holders respectively AND that such Meetings will be held at the registered and head office of the said Company, No. 10, Canton Road, Shanghai, China, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER, 1923, and as regards—

- Class A.—At 10 o'clock in the Forenoon.
- Class B.—At 11 o'clock in the Forenoon or so soon thereafter as the Meeting of Class A is concluded.
- Class C.—At 12 o'clock Noon or so soon thereafter as the Meeting of Class B is concluded.
- Class D.—At 2 o'clock in the Afternoon or so soon thereafter as the Meeting of Class C is concluded.
- Class E.—At 3 o'clock in the Afternoon or so soon thereafter as the Meeting of Class D is concluded.

AT WHICH PLACE and respective Times all the aforesaid Members, Creditors, and Policy Holders are requested to attend. A copy of the Agreement dated the 20th day of December, 1922, and made between the SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA and the said Company and embodying the said scheme of arrangement can be seen and Perms of Proxy obtained at any of the offices hereinafter mentioned between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 Noon on any week day previous to the Date of the said Meetings.

The said Members, Creditors and Policy Holders respectively may attend such separate Meetings as aforesaid and vote in person or by Proxy provided that all person or by Proxy given by Members, Creditors and Policy Holders in China or Hongkong must be deposited at the said registered and head office of the said Company at No. 10, Canton Road, Shanghai, China, not later than Seven days before the holding of the said Meetings. All Proxies given by Members, Creditors and Policy Holders in places other than China and Hongkong must be deposited at any one of the following offices of the said Company, namely—

- THE PHILIPPINES.—425, Rizal Avenue, Manila.
- SIAM.—772, 774, 776 and 778, Si Phya Road, Bangkok.
- DUTCH EAST INDIES.—28, Tanah Abang West Weltevreden, Java.
- STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, MALAY STATES AND BRITISH NORTH BORNEO.—2, Finlayson Green, Singapore.
- BURMAH.—50/52, Sule Pagoda Street, Rangoon.
- INDIA.—c/o Messrs. GLADSTONE WYLLIE & Co., 5, Council House Street, Calcutta.
- INDO-CHINA.—15, Rue Taberd, Saigon.
- CEYLON.—c/o Messrs. CLARK YOUNG & Co., Lloyds Buildings, Colombo.
- ENGLAND.—c/o GEORGE KING, Esq., 15, Walbrook, London, E.C.
- JAPAN.—c/o Messrs. FRANKLIN MACKEZIE & Co., 65, Nanjima-Machi, Kobe.

NOT LESS than Seven days previous to the Date of the said Meetings. Particulars of Proxies so deposited sufficient to enable them to be used at the said Meetings will be sent by telegram to the Chairman of the said Meetings.

The Court has appointed CHARLES REGINALD BURKILL, of Shanghai, or failing him EDWIN THOMAS BYRNE, of Shanghai, to act as Chairman of the said Meetings.

The above scheme will be subject to the subsequent approval of the Court.

Dated the 11th day of October, 1923.

HANSONS,  
Solicitors for the said Company,  
7, Peking Road, Shanghai.

1411

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

IN HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S  
SUPREME COURT FOR CHINA  
AT SHANGHAI.IN THE MATTER OF THE  
COMPANIES' ORDINANCES  
(HONGKONG) 1911 to 1921.IN THE MATTER OF THE  
SHANGHAI LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by  
an Order dated the 14th day of  
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directed separate Meetings of the following  
Classes of persons, namely:

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- The Creditors of the said Company other than Policy Holders.
- The Holders of Current Policies with the said Company subject to premiums and carrying the right of participation in future profits and of paid up policies with the said Company carrying such right.
- The Holders of Current Policies with the said Company subject to premiums and carrying no right of participation in future profits and of paid up policies with the said Company carrying no such right.
- The Holders of Policies with the said Company in respect of which the policy moneys have become payable by death or maturity.

FOR THE PURPOSE of considering and if thought fit approving with or without modification the scheme of arrangement proposed to be made between the said Company and the said Members, Creditors and Policy Holders respectively AND that such Meetings will be held at the registered and head office of the said Company, No. 10, Canton Road, Shanghai, China, on THURSDAY, the 13th day of DECEMBER, 1923, and as regards—

- Class A.—At 10 o'clock in the Forenoon.
- Class B.—At 11 o'clock in the Forenoon or so soon thereafter as the Meeting of Class A is concluded.
- Class C.—At 12 o'clock Noon or so soon thereafter as the Meeting of Class B is concluded.
- Class D.—At 2 o'clock in the Afternoon or so soon thereafter as the Meeting of Class C is concluded.
- Class E.—At 3 o'clock in the Afternoon or so soon thereafter as the Meeting of Class D is concluded.

AT WHICH PLACE and respective Times all the aforesaid Members, Creditors, and Policy Holders are requested to attend. A copy of the Agreement dated the 20th day of December, 1922, and made between the SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA and the said Company and embodying the said scheme of arrangement can be seen and Perms of Proxy obtained at any of the offices hereinafter mentioned between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 Noon on any week day previous to the Date of the said Meetings.

The said Members, Creditors and Policy Holders respectively may attend such separate Meetings as aforesaid and vote in person or by Proxy provided that all person or by Proxy given by Members, Creditors and Policy Holders in China or Hongkong must be deposited at the said registered and head office of the said Company at No. 10, Canton Road, Shanghai, China, not later than Seven days before the holding of the said Meetings. All Proxies given by Members, Creditors and Policy Holders in places other than China and Hongkong must be deposited at any one of the following offices of the said Company, namely—

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The above scheme will be subject to the subsequent approval of the Court.

Dated the 11th day of October, 1923.

PLATT & CO.,  
Solicitors for the said Company,  
23, Peking Road, Shanghai.

1412

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE ANGLO-GERMAN AGREEMENT  
OF THE 31st APRIL, 1923.NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the  
Final Date for lodging Claims under  
the above Agreement is the 31st OCTOBER,  
1923, and unless Claims are lodged on the  
prescribed Forms by that date they cannot be  
paid from the Funds under my control. Ap-  
plications for Forms should be addressed to—THE BRITISH CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY  
PROPERTY IN CHINA.  
Glen Line Building,  
2, Peking Road,  
Shanghai.And must state the Name, Address and  
Nationality of the Debtor, the amount and  
nature of the Debt and the Dates on which the  
Debt was incurred and became due.

Only Debts which were payable before the  
War or arose out of a pre-War contract or  
transaction and are due by Germans to British  
Nationals come under the Agreement.

ADDINGTON,  
Custodian.

1409

OFFICIAL NOTICE.  
PROPOSAL TO CHANGE A SHIP'S  
NAME.

I, CHOW WING KAN, of 48, Connaught  
Road West (2nd floor), HEREBY GIVE  
NOTICE that in consequence of Change of  
Ownership, I have applied to the Board of  
Trade under Section 47 of the Merchant Ship-  
ping Act, 1894, in respect of the ship "WAI  
KIL" of Hongkong, Official Number 152389  
of gross tonnage 2384 tons, register tonnage  
227.32 tons, heretofore owned by HOANG  
LOU for the purpose to change her Name  
to "FOO-SING" and to have her registered  
in the new Name at the Port of Hongkong as  
owned by CHOW WING KAN.

Any objections to the proposed Change of  
Name must be sent to the Registrar of Ship-  
ping at Hongkong within Seven days from the  
date of this Advertisement.

Dated at Hongkong, this 11th day of  
October, 1923.

(Signed) 周榮根  
(i.e. CHOW WING KAN).

1410

P. & O. S. N. CO.

STEAMER FOR  
STRAITS, COLOMBO, AUS-  
TRALIA, BOMBAY, EGYPT,  
MEDITERRANEAN PORTS  
& LONDON.

Through Bills of Lading issued for Batavia,  
Perth, Gull, Continental, America,  
and South African Ports.

THE Steamship "SOUDAN," Captain  
E. J. Thornton, E.N.A., carrying His  
Majesty's Mails will be despatched from this  
Port on or about WEDNESDAY, 17th OCT.,  
1923, at 4 P.M., taking Passengers and Cargo  
for the above Ports.

Silk and Valuables and Tea for Italy, France  
and London (under arrangement) will be trans-  
shipped at Bombay into the Mail Steamer pro-  
ceeding direct to Marseilles and London.  
Parcels will be received at this Office until  
5 P.M. the day before sailing. The contents  
and value of all packages required.

For further particulars apply to—  
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE  
& CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 11th October, 1923. 1413

S.S. "CHILI"

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES  
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from MARSEILLE  
LES, etc., also of S.S. "VILLE  
DE METZ" from BORDEAUX &  
HAVRE, in connection with above  
steamer, are hereby informed that their  
goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure  
and Valuables are being loaded and stored  
at their risks into the Godowns of the Hong-  
kong-Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.,  
Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained  
immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless  
intimation is received from the Consignees  
before Noon, To-day, requesting it to be landed  
here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by  
the Underigned. Goods remaining on board  
after the 16th instant, at Noon, will be  
subject to rent and landing charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or  
before the 20th instant or they will not  
be recognized.

All damaged packages will be examined on  
Tuesday, the 18th instant, at 10 a.m., by  
Messrs. Godard & Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

R. RODENFUSER,  
Acting Agent.

Hongkong, 10th October, 1923. 1414

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED

From LEITH, ANTWERP, MIDDLESBRO',  
LONDON & STRAITS.

The Steamship "BENCLEUCH"

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed  
that all Goods are being landed at  
their risk into the Godowns of the Hong-  
kong-Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.,  
Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained  
immediately after landing.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods  
have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining  
undelivered after the 12th inst., will be subject  
to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be  
presented to the Underigned on or before  
the 16th inst., or they will not be recognized.  
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to  
be left in the Godowns, where they will be  
examined on the 12th inst., at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by  
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 10th October, 1923. 1408

## INTIMATION

BURNETT'S

FINEST LONDON

DRY GIN

Unique in Character and  
Flavour.GIVES THAT DISTINCTIVE  
EXCELLENCE TO A  
COCKTAIL.BURNETT'S Gin was a  
household word in  
London before most of  
the men who fought in  
the big war were born —  
AND STILL IS

SOLE IMPORTERS:

A. S. WATSON &  
CO., LTD.,

Wine &amp; Spirit Merchants

ESTABLISHED 81 YEARS.

Hongkong Office: 14, Chater Road.

London Office: 131, Fleet Street, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, OCTOBER 11th, 1923.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE  
CHINESE REPUBLIC.

In the Chinese calendar, yesterday was  
the twelfth anniversary of the birth of  
the Republic. October 10th is therefore a  
Chinese national holiday. Those who are  
able to recall the remarkable display of  
popular enthusiasm with which the  
Chinese population of Hongkong, in  
common with their fellow citizens  
throughout China, welcomed the inaugu-  
ration of the Republic twelve years ago,  
are best able to appreciate the significance  
of the growing indifference of the  
Chinese in the mass towards the obser-  
vance of China's "National Day." Here  
and there one saw the Chinese flag dis-  
played from Chinese shops and offices in  
the Colony, and some of the principal  
firms suspended business for the day, but  
the general aspect of the City was but  
little different from what it is on days  
which are not accounted by the Chinese  
as general holidays. In Canton, which  
may be described as the birthplace of  
the Revolution and the present abode  
of the founder of the Republic (Dr. Sun  
Yat Sen) there were organized demon-  
strations, and in Peking and Shanghai  
and in the few other places where ardent  
Republicans foregather, some organized  
celebration of the day was attempted,  
but while in China, as elsewhere, there  
are always plenty of people fond ready  
to participate in public processions and  
demonstrations, the fact is, ill-obscured  
that the attitude of the Chinese in the  
mass is one of growing indifference to  
the celebration of the birth of the  
Republic. What, indeed, can they find  
on such an anniversary to rejoice over?

Who can claim that the country has been  
better governed under the Republic than  
under the Monarchy? Are the people in  
any one of the provinces of China enjoy-  
ing greater security and peace, and are  
they generally better off in any way than  
they were under the Monarchy? No  
claims of that sort, indeed, can be

substantiated. The discontent of the  
people has to be mollified with the  
assurance that things are in a transition  
stage and that there is a silver lining  
to the present cloud. But even the most  
cursory review of the situation in China  
brings one speedily to the conclusion that  
it is yet a long climb to the top of the  
Mount Pisgah from which this view of the  
brighter horizon, is to be seen. There  
are hollow rejoicings at Peking over the  
circumstance that a political faction (by  
means of wholesale bribery and corrup-  
tion) has secured the election of one of  
the most powerful war lords in the State  
to the Presidency of the Republic, but  
the air of Peking is reported to be  
"electric" with alarming rumours of  
trouble. There is indeed every indica-  
tion at present that not peace but  
greater public disturbance is likely to  
ensue from this election. Widespread  
opposition has been manifested towards  
the election of Marshal Tsao K'ui as  
Head of the State, and, according  
to Canton newspapers, we already  
have Dr. Sun Yat Sen talking about  
leading another Expeditionary Army  
to the North with the support of  
the Tsuchans of Szechuan, Yunnan,  
Chekiang and Hunan Provinces, as well  
as that of the powerful war lord of Fengtien  
(Marshal Chang Tso Liang). After the  
disastrous failure of Dr. Sun's previous  
Expedition, however, little confidence will  
be felt in the success of the one that is  
now apparently being seriously con-  
templated, but the fact of importance is that  
any movement of the kind must obviously  
delay the restoration of peace and settled  
conditions in China. Dr. Sun Yat Sen's  
communication to the Diplomatic Body in  
Peking, which we print to-day in another  
column, is in itself a sufficient portent  
of coming trouble. On the twelfth  
anniversary of the Republic, therefore,  
ardent Republicans anywhere in China  
must have found it difficult to supply  
any good reason for public rejoicing or  
even for hope of a speedy realisation of  
half the high aims with which the  
republican regime was inaugurated twelve  
years ago. Yet it must be admitted that  
the "emancipation from the yoke of the  
Mandchus" has been followed, by the  
laying of the foundation of many reforms  
calculated to promote the welfare of  
the people, if only the military factions  
which keep the country in a chronic  
state of disturbance could somehow be  
annihilated, or suppress themselves; but  
this military rivalry must be counted  
among the bitter fruits of "immature  
republicanism." The change made twelve  
years ago was much too violent, and we  
believe it is now widely recognised by the  
Chinese people that it would have been  
to the greater advantage of China had  
the belated measures of reform conceded  
in the last years of the Monarchy been  
accepted and China had worked up  
slowly towards the Constitutional goal.

Mr. Chan Lu, the Commissioner of  
Finance of Kwangtung, is reported to  
have tendered his resignation to Dr.  
Sun Yat Sen.

Owing to defects in the Eastern Exten-  
sion Co.'s Hongkong-Shanghai cable, all  
telegrams for Shanghai and beyond are  
subject to considerable delay.

The many friends in the Colony of Mr.  
Charles Beswick will be interested to  
know that he has established himself in  
business in Manchester as a merchant and  
commission agent.

An armed robbery took place at No.  
29, Yee Chan Street, second floor, Sham  
Shui Po, on Tuesday afternoon, when a  
contractor and his family were held up  
in their house by four men, two of whom  
were armed with revolvers and two with  
daggers. The robbers ransacked the  
floor and got away with \$35 worth of  
property.

Thirteen cases of small pox (with six  
deaths) and five cases of enteric fever  
(none fatal) were reported in the Colony  
last week. There were also three deaths  
from cerebro-spinal fever and two from  
plague. These were all Chinese cases.

The only foreign case mentioned in the  
notifiable disease return is a British case  
of diphtheria.

After undergoing his second trial, the  
35-year-old Indian charged with the mur-  
der of a fellow-countryman in the police  
of the Macclesfield on August 30th, was  
found guilty and sentenced to death by  
his Honour Judge Sir Skinner Turner  
at H.M. Supreme Court at Shanghai  
last week. When the accused, Shangman  
H. K. Hoosen, was charged before the  
Assistant Judge, the jury were unable to  
agree, and a retrial was ordered.

Upon receipt of news to the effect  
that her husband had been killed during  
the earthquake, a Japanese woman in  
Chapel (Shanghai) killed her four child-  
ren (whose ages ranged from two months  
to six years) and then committed har-  
sue.

A very successful Bridge Party, or-  
ganised by Mrs. H. T. Jackson and Mrs.  
J. Martin was held at the Peak Hospital  
yesterday afternoon in aid of Dr.  
Bernardo's Homes. There was a very  
large attendance. Lady Ross-Davies dis-  
tributed the prizes won at the tourna-  
ment, the first prize being won by Mrs.  
Henson, the prize for the lowest score by  
Mrs. Miller Jones and the prize for  
the highest number by Mrs. A. R.  
Wright. Some Mah Cheuk was also  
played, the winning lady being Mrs.  
Church.

WEDDING.  
CHUBB-BUNES.

A very pretty wedding was solemnised  
at the St. John's Cathedral, yesterday  
afternoon, when Mr. Stanford Frank  
Chubb, of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co.,  
was married to Miss Margaret Ella  
Buness, residing at the Helena  
May Institute and daughter of Mrs.  
A. M. A. Travers, of Yunnanfu. The  
Rev. H. Copley Moyle was the officiating  
minister.

The bride, who was given away by Mr.  
A. L. Shields, looked charming in a gown  
of embroidered net over cream satin. She  
wore a lace veil, and carried a bouquet  
of pink carnations. Miss Jaqueline  
Scott, daughter of Mr. L. G. Scott,  
attended as bridesmaid in a Kato Green-  
away dress of pink and white flowered  
tulle, and carrying a basket of pink and  
white roses. Mr. Allan Keith attended  
the bridegroom in the capacity of "best  
man."

A reception was later held at Mr.  
Shields' residence, No. 16, Peak Road,  
and was largely attended.  
The bride's going away costume was  
of dark blue velvet and embroidered  
georgette, with yellow and blue hat.

CLASSICAL DANCING.  
YESTERDAY'S MATINEE AT THE  
THEATRE ROYAL.

There was another packed house at the  
Theatre Royal at yesterday afternoon's  
matinee, when the pupils of Miss Violet  
Capell gave another exhibition of  
classical dancing, the proceeds being in  
aid of the London Hospital and local  
charities. The programme was exactly  
the same as on Saturday night with the  
exception of the Dutch dance, when Miss  
Violet Capell took the place of Miss  
Kathleen McEwen, who was unavoidably  
prevented from attending through ill-  
ness. The items on the programme were  
all carried through with great success,  
the youthful performers receiving bou-  
quets from members of the large and  
appreciative audience. Miss Capell, who  
has had the assistance of Miss Daisy  
O'Keefe, is to be congratulated on the  
very excellent manner in which the pro-  
gramme was organised and carried  
through.

It should be mentioned that the stage  
scenery was very kindly lent for both  
occasions by the Amateur Dramatic Club,  
but the artistic arranging and staging of  
the scenery was carried out by Miss  
Capell and her band of willing helpers.

CHINESE CONSTABLE  
CHARGED WITH ASSAULT.  
A RICKSHA COOLIE WHO NEARLY  
DIED.

According to the evidence of Dr.  
Smalley, Medical Officer at the Govern-  
ment Civil Hospital, given at the Magis-  
trate's Court yesterday afternoon, a ricksha  
coolie who was admitted to hospital on  
August 27th, suffering from injuries  
received, allegedly from a constable's  
traffic baton, was given up as a hopeless  
case. So bad was the injury to the  
constable that he was removed from the operating  
table practically dying. He, however,  
recovered from his own injury. The  
man, said Dr. Smalley, was suffering from  
a burst blood vessel in the abdomen,  
which he thought might possibly have  
been caused by either a blow from some-  
thing pointed, or that the man fell on  
something pointed.

The constable, it was alleged, assaulted  
the coolie in the course of his beat of  
traffic point duty, at the foot of Hill  
Road and Des Voeux Road West, and  
according to the evidence of the com-  
plainant and another ricksha coolie, who  
witnessed the incident, the constable was  
said to have taken the baton in both hands  
and to have pushed it into the coolie's  
stomach as he was descending the  
hill, because he disobeyed the con-  
stable's signal.

The constable's story was that the com-  
plainant ran on to the point of the  
baton, which he held up for him as a  
signal. He denied deliberately poking  
the complainant with it.

His Worship (Mr. J. R. Wood) after  
listening to the evidence said he could  
not decide at the moment which story  
was the correct one. He therefore adjourned  
the case to this morning when he  
promised to make his decision.

Mr. A. E. Hall represented the com-  
plainant and Mr. R. E. A. Webster ap-  
peared for the defendant.

## TO LET.

NO. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, the  
Premises at present occupied by The  
PHARMACY.

Apply to  
CHINA & JAPAN TELEPHONE  
& ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

1415

LOYAL ORANGE LODGE, No. 802.

HOLD their MONTHLY MEETINGS  
at the UNION CHURCH HALL, Kennedy  
Road, the FIRST MONDAY in Each Month.

PROCESSION.

The Imperial Grand Black Chapter of the  
British Commonwealth No. 601, EASTERN  
STAR, hold their Meetings at the same Hall the  
SECOND MONDAY of Each Month.

Anyone interested should apply at the  
above Hall.



## CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.  
[THROUGH BUTTER'S AGENCY.]IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.  
GOVERNMENT'S PREFERENCE  
PROPOSALS ANNOUNCED.

LONDON, October 9th.

The Government's preference proposals as announced by Sir Lloyd Greame are as follows:—Empire-grown dried figs, raisins, plums and currants will be admitted duty free; a new duty of 10s. 6d. per cwt. will be imposed on foreign dried fruit like apples, pears and peaches, and on foreign preserved fruits; Empire-grown preserved fruits will be admitted free. The present preference on sugar will be maintained for ten years; the present preference on tobacco will be either stabilised for ten years or increased to one-fourth.

## EMPIRE PREFERENCE IN PUBLIC CONTRACTS.

LONDON, October 9th.

The Economic Conference this morning discussed the matter of preference in public contracts throughout the Empire, also the position and future of the Imperial Institute.

## EARLIER CABLES.

## CONFERENCE FAVOURS EMPIRE PREFERENCE.

LONDON, October 9th.

Reuter learns that there is much gratification in Dominion circles at Sir Lloyd Greame's announcement at the Economic Conference that the Imperial Government is prepared to allow all dried fruits, currants, and canned fruits in free, while maintaining the duties of 10s. 6d. two shillings and five shillings respectively on foreign products. The acceptance by the Imperial Government of the principle that these Empire-grown products be admitted duty free is regarded as of first class significance.

LONDON, October 9th.

Mr. Bruce, in a speech at the Economic Conference, suggested the appointment of a Royal Commission to consider the question of schemes connected with obtaining a market for British and Empire agricultural products, and to make recommendations to the present Conference.

## OVERSEAS SETTLEMENT.

LONDON, October 9th.

The Economic Conference has decided to establish a committee to enquire into the whole question of Overseas settlement, and thrust out a profitable scheme.

Sir P. Lloyd Greame this afternoon opened the debate on preference, which he said was the underlying principle of the Government, whose desire was that the Conference should work out practicable steps to improve production and trade prospects in all parts of the Empire. He unfolded specific proposals which the British Government desired to make relating to dried fruits, sugar and tobacco. The Hon. W. Ormsby Gore expressed his gratitude at the proposals, which would mean new hope for Mauritius and the West Indies. He said regarding tobacco that Nyasaland and Rhodesia would probably follow the line taken by South Africa. Reciprocity between the Crown Colonies and the Dominions in this matter would be very beneficial.

Mr. James on behalf of India stated that preference would never be accepted in India. He could not commit the Government of India to the policy of preference. The debate will be continued at further sittings.

## LEAGUE OF NATIONS POSITION IN EUROPE.

LONDON, October 9th.

Reuter learns that the Imperial Conference on October 11th will draw attention to the position of the League of Nations in the affairs of Europe. The debate will be initiated by Lord Robert Cecil, and it is anticipated in Dominion circles that Lord Robert Cecil's speech, Mr. James Curzon's reply, and yesterday's utterances, will lead to a second vigorous debate.

## GERMANY'S ABILITY TO PAY.

## U. S. PRESIDENT FAVOURS INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION.

WASHINGTON, October 9th.

President Coolidge today said he saw little or nothing that could be gained from an endeavour to hold a world economic conference. The American Government would rest on its proposal to the European nations that an international commission should be formed to ascertain Germany's ability to pay reparations. No further steps should be taken in this.

## RESUMPTION OF WORK IN THE RUHR.

DEMANDS BY THE INDUSTRIALISTS

BERLIN, October 9th.

A group of Ruhr industrialists, headed by Herr Stinnes, who interviewed General Degoutte, has submitted to the Government of the Reich the following demands: Compensation for the coal confiscated since the Ruhr occupation and the forcibly levied coal tax; abolition of the coal tax in the Ruhr; a guarantee that all future deliveries of reparations coal be placed in their hands; preferential treatment in the Ruhr in the supply of raw materials and foodstuffs; authority for the industrialists' commission to continue to negotiate with the occupation authorities; and an extension of the working day to 8½ hours underground and ten hours above ground. They also ask that the Government's attitude be altered towards the creation of a railway company in the occupied territory in which the Rhineland, France and the industrialists would participate. Herr Stinnes has asked for a reply by noon to-day, and the Cabinet is discussing the demands this morning.

## GERMAN GOVERNMENT'S DESIRE TO COLLABORATE.

BRUSSELS, October 9th.

The German Charge d'Affaires told the Foreign Minister, M. Jaspar, this morning that the German Government wished to collaborate in the resumption of work in the Ruhr and would resume deliveries of reparations coal. M. Jaspar promised to communicate with the French Government but said anyhow the German Government must promise the industrialists who were ready to supply coal that it would pay for it, and the German railwaymen must be ordered to return to work.

PARIS, October 9th.

The German Charge d'Affaires has been instructed to inform M. Poincaré that the German Government desires to discuss the question of the return to work in the Ruhr and the resumption of reparations deliveries in kind.

A semi-official French statement on this point intimates that it is improbable that the French and Belgian Governments will agree to negotiate with other than the Ruhr authorities, employers and workers, but when work is fully resumed it will be permissible for Herr Stresemann to request to be heard by the Reparations Commission regarding the settlement of future reparations.

## NEW TYPE OF U.S. WARSHIP.

PHILADELPHIA, October 9th.

The scout cruiser *Hardhead* was launched this afternoon. The vessel is the fourth of a series of ten planned on the lines of destroyers but seven times larger, with a speed of thirty-five knots, a battery of twelve six-inch rapid-firers, and equipped to carry and launch aeroplanes and lay mines.

## NO U.S. POLITICAL LABOUR PARTY.

PORTLAND (OREGON), October 9th.

The American Federation of Labour has upheld, on a roll call, the resolutions of the Committee which had reported against the formation of a separate Political Labour Party.

## UNION OF L. OF N. SOCIETIES.

THE HAGUE, October 9th.

The Union of League of Nations Societies has elected ex-Minister Treub to be president in succession to Mr. Aldersward, who is appointed honorary president.

## HARRISONS &amp; CROSSFIELD'S PROFITS.

LONDON, October 9th.

The report of Messrs. Harrissons and Crossfield for the twelve months ended June 30th shows a net profit of £192,000, to which is added £45,000 brought forward from the previous year, making a total of £237,000. After deducting £137,000 for dividends of six per cent. on the cumulative preference shares and ten per cent. on the preferred ordinary shares, the balance at the credit of profit and loss account is £100,000. After payment of a dividend of ten per cent. on the deferred ordinary and management shares, £66,000 is carried forward.

## SURPRISING GLIDER TESTS.

LONDON, October 9th.

A gusty twenty-five mile an hour wind did not interfere with the motor glider tests at Lympne. Yesterday's results surprised even the experts. One pilot exceeded eighty miles on a gallon of petrol, and another climbed 6,000 feet. A pilot today covered 112 miles in a hundred and forty-five minutes, the longest non-stop flight hitherto made on a machine of this type.

## LAWN TENNIS.

ENGLAND DEFEATS INDIA.

LONDON, October 9th.

At Felixstowe, in a lawn tennis match on Davis Cup lines, England (L. Godfree, D. Greig, and O. Kingsley) beat India (O. Ramaswami, S. Hadi, and S. Jacob) by three events to all.

## FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[THROUGH BUTTER'S AGENCY.]

## RECONSTRUCTION WORK IN JAPAN.

ORDERS FOR GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, October 9th.

Mr. Edward George H.M. Commercial Attaché in Japan, addressing the Federation of British Industries on the subject of Japanese reconstruction, said the loss was not irreparable, since Japan's credit stood as high as ever. There was no reason why a good share of orders for steel work and galvanised sheet should not come to Britain, but keen competition from America was possible. Motor lorries, also, provided a scheme whereby the Federation's agents should tour Japan. He remarked that the needs of Japan would be large. His Majesty's Government had commended to the Japanese authorities the possibilities of the Trade Facilities Act and exports credit scheme, and he hoped use would be made of the financial facilities thus afforded.

Mr. Jenkins outlined the Federation's proposals mentioned on September 19th as regards reconstruction business.

## THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION ITS BEARING ON EUROPEAN DEVELOPMENT SCHEMES.

LONDON, October 9th.

The *Daily Telegraph* in an editorial says the election of Marshal Tsoo Kun as President suggests that China is inclined to stand upon her ancient ways, whether good or evil, and the Powers which have covenanted rights in China will do well to scan closely the course of events in the immediate future. Tsoo Kun has been thrust into this position by those who have little sympathy with European development in China, and it remains for us to watch the results of this frankly iniquitous proceeding, for there will be little in international politics during the coming year that will rival in importance the action which those behind Tsoo Kun will persuade him to adopt.

## ANXIETY OF CHINA'S NEW PRESIDENT.

PEKING, October 9th.

President Tsoo Kun is still anxious regarding the attitude of Chang Tso Lin, and he has despatched Pao Kuei Ching and Yuen Chang to Mukden to discuss the subject of reconciliation.

As regards the rumours of an outbreak of hostilities between the Chihli and Fengtien forces, it is understood that, in spite of President Tsoo Kun's election, Chang Tso Lin does not intend taking any military measures at present unless there are developments in the Yangtze Valley. If the Kiangsu Tsuchun invades Chekiang, then Chang Tso Lin will be obliged to intervene.

President Tsoo Kun will arrive in the capital to-morrow afternoon.

LATER.

It is now stated that President Tsoo Kun will take the oath of office to-morrow on Wednesday at the Chu Je Tang, in the presence of the members of both Houses, and afterwards the members of the Cabinet will enter and offer their congratulations.

The railway is being strongly guarded between Paoingfu and Peking by the troops of the Twenty-Third Division and others.

## PERMANENT CABINET.

PEKING, October 9th.

The governing Cabinet will continue in office until a permanent Cabinet is formed.

Yu Wu Lin is regarded as the most likely candidate for the Premiership.

## FINANCIAL SITUATION.

PEKING, October 9th.

The financial situation is as bad as ever, but it is reported that the new President will find the funds to pay the troops, police and gendarmerie here and the staffs of the Ministries.

## THE REPARATION NOTES. ESSENTIALS OF THE PROBLEM.

With the publication of the Belgian Note it becomes possible to sift out of the considerable proportion of controversial matter contained in the diplomatic Notes and other documents published this year on the reparations problem the construction statements and proposals made by each of the various Governments concerned upon which further negotiation might be based.

The most complete plan for a settlement of the whole problem, including the Allies' war debts to each other, was that submitted by Mr. Bonar Law to the Paris Conference on January 2nd of this year.

## BRITISH PROPOSALS.

This plan, after their rejection of which the French and Belgians occupied the Ruhr, proposed—

## REPARATIONS.

A moratorium for a maximum period of four years, apart from certain deliveries in kind.

The capital sum of Germany's debt to be 50 milliard gold marks (£2,500,000,000), for which the German Government would issue 5 per cent. bonds repayable at par in thirty-two years (1954).

For the first four years no interest to be paid. For the next four years interest to be paid at 4 per cent. only (two milliard gold marks—£100,000,000 per annum). After that the full 5 per cent. (£2 milliard gold marks—£250,000,000 per annum).

At the end of ten years Germany to issue a second series of 5 per cent. bonds, representing the interest deferred during the first eight years, and bringing the annual payments up to 3½ milliard gold marks (£175,000,000), but, if this should be considered beyond Germany's capacity by an impartial tribunal, the second series to be cancelled and payments to continue at £125,000,000.

No sinking fund, but a special inducement to be offered to Germany to raise private loans and redeem the bonds at early dates in the form of a generous schedule of redemption prices. For instance, Germany could redeem bonds at half their nominal value in 1923, and at three-quarters of their nominal value in 1930. The saving in annual interest payments achieved by redemption was calculated to provide for both interest and sinking fund for loans raised.

The strength of the inducement offered to Germany to redeem the bonds at early dates may be gauged by the estimate, contained in the official summary of the scheme, that in the most favourable circumstances she might pay off the whole of her obligations in about fifteen years at the equivalent of a present value of something over £1,250,000,000, the advantage to the Allies being that within that comparatively short period they would actually have received that sum.

On the other hand, if Germany failed to redeem the bonds and merely paid the interest on the first series as a perpetual annuity, for the second four years of £100,000,000 and thereafter of £125,000,000, she would, at the end of thirty-two years, have paid already £2,500,000,000 in interest.

Loans raised by Germany in the market of any Power holding any of the bonds (which would be distributed among the Allies on the 50 per centages) to be applied to the redemption of bonds held by that Power.

Great Britain, however, in order to facilitate the restoration of the French devastated regions, agreed that 50 per cent. of any loans raised in the British market should be applied to the redemption of bonds held by France.

## ALLIED DEBTS.

If the Allies accepted the proposed reparation settlement, virtually the whole of the debts created for the purpose of carrying on the war, as between the European Allies, would be cancelled.

For the fixed obligations of the European Allies to Great Britain there would be substituted arrangements under which all except a small percentage (which would be accepted in the form of a transfer of German bonds) would be remitted, but the German second series bonds, if ever issued, would be available for discharging European debts to the United States generally.

## MR. BALDWIN'S OFFER.

The constructive proposals contained in the recent correspondence of Mr. Baldwin's Government with the French and Belgian Governments were—

## REPARATIONS.

An inquiry by impartial experts into Germany's capacity to pay, for the purpose of assisting the Reparations Commission and the Allied Powers to fix a maximum sum which the Allies can reasonably hope to recover from Germany.

The fixing of this sum to be followed or accompanied by arrangements which would ensure the effective re-establishment of Germany's finances and credit on a sound basis and would guarantee the punctual payment of the German debt by a system of control which should not include forcible interference with the economic life of Germany.

## ALLIED DEBTS.

Great Britain is prepared to limit her claims for payment in respect of German reparations and Allied debts combined to 14.2 milliard gold marks (£710,000,000), which is the present value of the British debt to the United States.

The amount of the concessions which the British Government might be able to offer in respect of inter-Allied debts must depend on the percentage of the sum of £710,000,000 which it could recover from Germany.

A maximum sum which the Allies could reasonably hope to recover from Germany was fixed, and if a settlement

was concluded which would make the British share of the German payments a reasonably good asset, the British Government would be prepared to write down the Allied debts to Great Britain to an amount representing the difference between the British share of reparations under the revised plan and the British debt of £710,000,000 to the United States, and even to consider accepting payment of the Allied debts so reduced in the form of the new German obligations on the principles laid down in the plan presented by Mr. Bonar Law at the Paris Conference in January last.

## THE FRENCH ATTITUDE.

In the French reply to the British Note of August 11th and the documents published in the French Yellow Books statements to the following effect are to be found—

France is willing to enter on a discussion in a friendly spirit with the British and the other Allied Governments. The French Government considers that the Reparations Commission has been given by the Treaty of Versailles all the powers which could be attributed to the proposed International Commission, and that it should continue its task of regulating payments and periodically re-examining Germany's capacity for payment.

France, holding the Schedule of Payments of 1921, requires as a minimum 25 milliard gold marks (£1,250,000,000) in "A" and "B" bonds, and in addition to that such sums in "C" bonds as she may be required to pay in respect of inter-Allied war debts. The Ruhr would be progressively evacuated according, and in proportion, to the reparation payments made by Germany. France has neither political nor annexationist aims and has no desire to remain in the Ruhr any longer than is necessary to obtain the reparations demanded.

The occupation of the Ruhr would be modified if passive resistance ceased. For instance, it would no longer be necessary to guard mines, railways, and canals against sabotage, and the troops would therefore have the least possible contact with the labour population. The French High Command would take every step compatible with the maintenance of the Ruhr pledge and the security of the troops to render the occupation as light as possible.

## THE BELGIAN NOTE.

The Belgian Note, published to-day, contains the following suggestions and statement of claims—

Belgium claims a sum of five milliard gold marks (£250,000,000) from Germany in addition to the priority payment of 15 milliards (£750,000,000) already received. She claims that the rest of the priority payment due to her under the Schedule of Payments should not be reduced in accordance with any general reduction of the German reparation payments which may be agreed upon.

On the subject of the progressive evacuation of the Ruhr, and the modification of the conditions of occupation, should passive resistance cease, the Belgian Note is in agreement with the French Note.

The Belgian Government suggests the holding of "amicable and discreet conversations" between Allied Ministers, though not as yet to the extent of a Conference properly so-called. It also expresses the desire to reopen the discussion of the question of security with the British Government.

## GERMAN OFFERS.

The German Note of May 2nd contained the following offer—

Germany's total reparation payments, in cash and in kind, to be fixed at 30 milliard gold marks (£1,500,000,000), to be raised by means of international loans in three instalments within fixed time limits, of which the last would end in 1931.

If the later sums could not be raised within the time limits, an impartial International Commission should decide "whether, when, and how the rest is to be raised."

The German Government to provide certain vaguely defined "special guarantees" for the proposed payment, and to devise "suitable measures" including legislation, "in order that the whole German national resources should participate in guaranteeing the service of the loan."

In the German Note of June 7th further reference was made to the International Commission proposal, and the German Government offered—

To supply all available information necessary for the forming of a reliable judgment on Germany's capacity to pay. To throw open to inspection, if required, all financial records and furnish any details desired concerning the resources of German industry and business.

## PROPOSED GUARANTEES.

The German Government in this Note also supplied more precise indications, lacking in the Note of May 2nd, as to the kind and mode of guarantees which Germany was prepared to offer. The guarantees proposed were—

The financial administration of the German State railways to be conducted separately from that of other State property, and obligations to an amount of ten milliard gold marks (£500,000,000) to be issued with a direct first charge on the assets of that administration, carrying interest at 5 per cent. as from July 1st, 1927 (the end of the time limit for the raising of the first instalment of the proposed international loan), and securing an annual payment of 500,000,000 gold marks (£25,000,000).

An annuity of 500,000,000 gold marks (£25,000,000) to be guaranteed by a first mortgage of ten milliard gold marks (£500,000,000) upon the entire industry, trade, agriculture, and real estate of the country.

Customs duties on certain imports other than necessities, the Excise on tobacco, beer, wine, and sugar, and receipts of the spirits monopoly.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

## SCOTTISH SPORT. THE SCOTTISH LEAGUE AND CUP.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

EDINBURGH, September 9th.

Little interest is left in cricket; but Association football is going strong. In the League the outstanding engagement was at Celtic Park, where Partick Thistle opposed the home club, and this game finished the surprise of the afternoon.

Thistle securing the points by 2 goals to 1, following upon a good display of football on the part of both teams. "Air-dripping" and "Heart of Midlothian" shared the credit of returning the most substantial victories, the Lanarkshire club defeating Ayr United by 4 goals to none, and the Edinburgh club registering a similar score against Hamilton Academicals. "Air-dripping" who, it will be recalled, finished second to Rangers last season, appear to have retained their effectiveness, and their form, as in the recent game against Falkirk, points to the Brechinfield organization again being the most formidable challenger of the present champions. But for their severe trouncing the previous week at Dundee, Heart of Midlothian would have been looked upon with favour in the same connection, and they have but to maintain their form to regain public regard. The only draw game was at Aberdeen, where, singular to say, Dundee, top scorer the previous week, failed to get a goal against their northern rivals. At Kilmarnock, Clydebank lost by a goal to Bath Rangers, in a game of poor quality. The newcomers to the League showed little ability apart from resolute defence, and the game, notwithstanding the closeness of the result, was decided and uninteresting. Clydebank-Ayr United, and Falkirk's only points meantime are from drawn games, and Third Lanark are in worse plight, as with three games played they have scored but one goal and have not yet a point to their credit.

## RANGERS BID FOR THE CUP.

Rangers won their first tie in the Glasgow Cup, and it has to be admitted they were superior to Queen's Park. There is nothing in that fact to cause disappointment at Hampden. The youthful eleven that represents Queen's Park played both manfully and capably, but against a powerful and experienced and the most skilful team in Scottish football the amateurs had scarcely a sporting chance of victory.

## Scottish League—First Division.

Aberdeen, 0; Dundee, 0.  
Airdrie, 4; Ayr United, 0.  
Celtic, 1; Partick Thistle, 2.  
Hearts, 4; Hamilton A.C., 0.  
Kilmarnock, 2; Kilmorygan, 1.  
Motherwell, 3; Morton, 1.  
Rath Rovers, 1; Clydebank, 0.  
St. Mirren, 1; Falkirk, 0.

## Glasgow Cup—First Round.

Queen's Park, 0; Rangers, 3.  
Clydebank, 0; Rangers, 3.  
Rath Rovers, 1; Celtic, 2.  
Rath Rovers, 1; Celtic, 2.

Edinburgh has once more the distinction of possessing the Boy Golf Champion.

A. D. B. Mathieson won back at Dunbar the honour which he gained at Ascot in 1921. The 36-hole final between Mathieson and the last year's winner, Hugh S. Mitchell, of Sandwich, was a close game, but the Edinburgh Academy youth, playing cool and steady golf, won on the seventeenth green by 4 and 1. Mathieson has left school, and will enter Edinburgh University in October. His golfing career has been a short, but meteoric one. Starting by winning the 1921 Championship, when a boy of 15, he reached the last eight last year, and this season came to the front by reaching the semi-final of the open tournament at Pittlochry. He is an all-round athlete, played football and cricket at school, and is a swimmer of marked ability. Mitchell, who is a year younger than the Edinburgh boy, plays golf during holiday-time only. He competed in the 1921 Championship, but only became known when he won the event at Ascot last year.

Mr. James G. Walker, for many years one of the most prominent all-round sportsmen, who played Rugby for Scotland and Oxford University, and cricket for Oxford and Middlesex, left unsettled property of the gross value of £263,330. War loan holdings total £234,953. Duties on the property amount to £171,900.

The Prince of Wales, Colonel-in-Chief of the Scottish Highlanders, unveiled at Fort George on August 22nd a memorial tablet to the 8,432 men of the regiment who made the supreme sacrifice in the Great War. In his speech his Royal Highness recalled that nearly 50,000 Scottish Highlanders fought overseas. Part of the fund raised for the memorial, he added, was being devoted to helping old comrades maimed in the war.

Up to September 7th £50,000 had been subscribed to the British Empire cancer campaign, whose offices have been inundated with letters from all parts of the world containing mostly suggestions. The Secretary, interviewed, states he has received enough written tabloid and bottle "vermin" to start a cancer research museum. Nevertheless, even the most minute suggestions are being scrutinized very closely.

Dr. Stresemann, the new German Chancellor, in his speech on August 31st at a luncheon given in his honour by the German Trade and Industrial Congress, said that his Cabinet held to the offer made by its predecessor in the Notes of May 2nd and June 7th, including the offer of guarantees based on the entire economic system of Germany, on the understanding that the Ruhr and Rhineland should not be treated differently from any other part of Germany in this respect. The German Government was prepared to bring even private property into the service of the guarantee. Dr. Stresemann intimated that he was prepared to put this offer into execution, or even to go further than had been contemplated at first—Tina.



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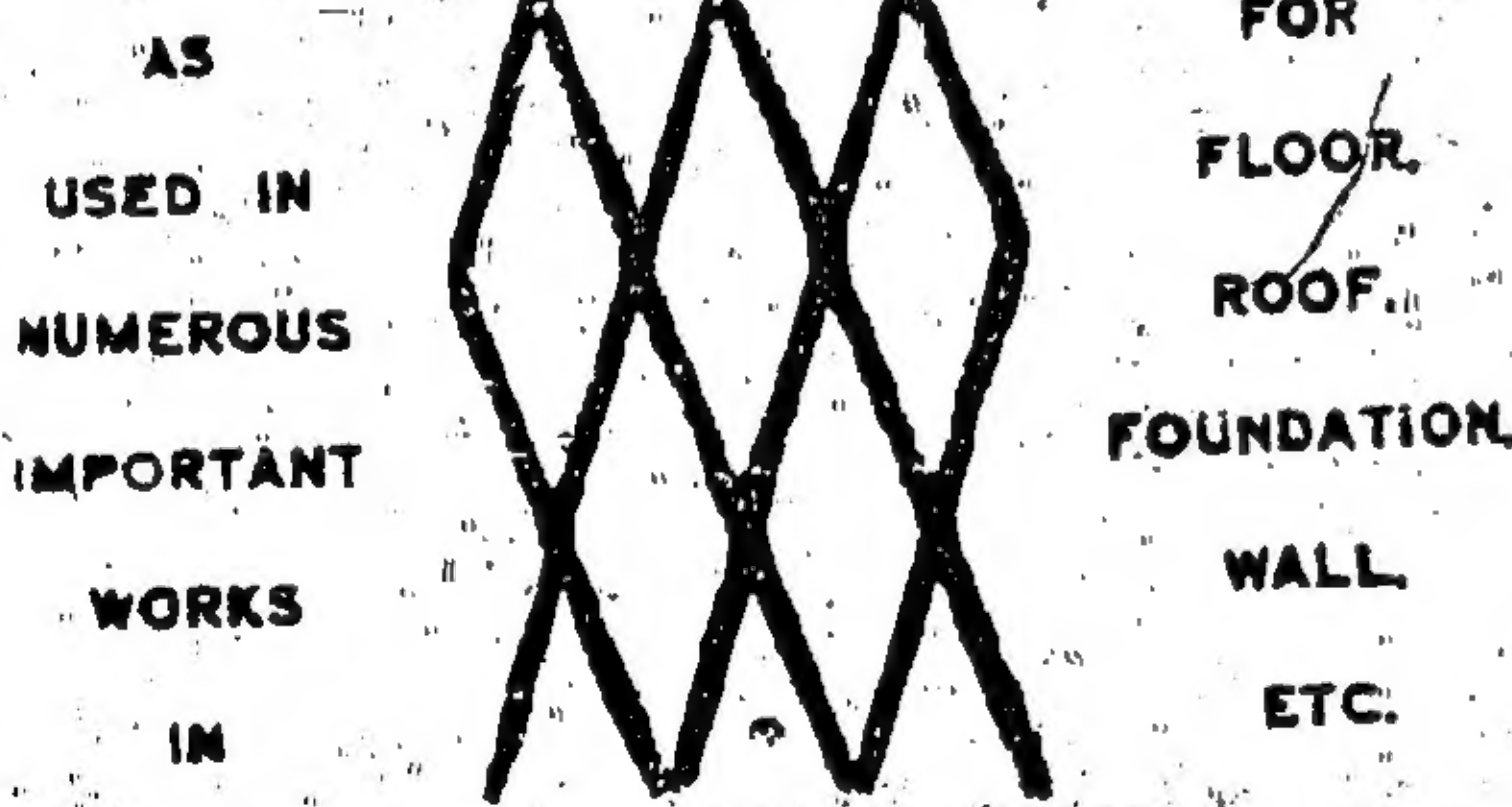
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### MONKEY GLAND SUCCESS.

DR. L. WILLIAMS ON DR. VORONOFF'S OPERATIONS.

Dr. Serge Voronoff's monkey-gland operation is vindicated by Dr. Leonard Williams, the Harley Street specialist, in an article which appears in the September issue of the *Empire Review*. Dr. Voronoff, it will be recalled, came over from Paris and demonstrated his treatment in London at the congress of the International Society of Surgery last month.

Dr. Williams says:—This operation of grafting the monkey gland into the human male has been attended by uniformly satisfactory results. Owing to faulty surgical technique there were failures in some of the earlier cases, but experience has brought surgical wisdom. The perfected operation offers no risks, and promises clear benefits. Up to the time of writing, Voronoff has operated on over 20 cases, of which the last 23 have been brilliantly successful.

Pointed out that Dr. Voronoff's "original" hopes "had particularly envisaged the restoration of mental and muscular vigour," and that it is "in this direction more especially that they seem to have been realised." Dr. Williams goes on to say: "There were at first a natural fear that this method of thrusting new wine into old bottles might be attended with the proverbial disastrous consequences. But the human body is just a glass bottle, and Voronoff's results now suggest very strongly that this brand of new wine renovates the very bottles themselves. It is claimed that hard arteries become softened, high blood pressure is lowered, stiff joints become supple, and atrophied muscles grow plump. Slow degeneration is speeded up, long lost interests are revived, and the capacity for work is restored."

He alludes to the fact that the monkey-gland operation has unfortunately become associated in the public mind with "sexual rejuvenation of sepiolite from a sexual aspect," and observes that "it seems necessary to insist that such has never been Voronoff's object in performing it." His object has been the prolongation of life and the restoration of physical and mental efficiency.

### "TORTURED" ENGLISH. ADVICE TO SINGERS.

Mr. H. Plunket Greene, lecturing at the Federation of British Music Industries summer course at Oxford on "How to sing a song," said he was regally not pleased by hearing a lady singing about "More horse-pond." It was some time before he discovered that she was really singing the words "My husband."

The lecturer gave this as an instance of the torture the English language undergoes at the hands of some expatriates of the vocal art.

Mr. Plunket Greene reminded his hearers that English was the immortal language of Shakespeare, and he declared that through the influence of the competition festivals in music the improvement in pronunciation of the language within the past ten years had been beyond belief.

"England is now going to be musicised," he said. "Music is getting into the hands of the professionals. Sing as you speak," he urged, "cultivate your imagination, cultivate romance, love children, believe in fairies till the day of your death."

Mr. Plunket Greene at the same course, lectured on "Rhythm in song," and introduced a large audience not only by his singing of numerous examples of rhythmic song-structure, but also by his vigorous remarks on the importance of rhythmic singing. "There is rhythm in everything," he said, "and rhythm is everything." In the course of illustrations of his points, Mr. Plunket Greene marched to the rhythm of drum-beats, gave an exceedingly rhythmic solo on the jaw harp—which was enthusiastically cheered—coloured the rhythmic quality of the long-pipes, clog-dancing, and dancing, and step-dancing, and generally insisted on a continuous "marching on" of clear-cut rhythm from the first note to the last note of a song as the foundation element of good singing.

### BOYS BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Two boys, aged 11 and 16 respectively, were burned to death at the stake near Spring Lake, New Jersey, U.S.A., on August 27th, by two other boys one of whom was the older brother of one of the victims. It is believed that the boys were playing "Indians." Charles Spindler, 11, and William Hubbard, 16, were "captured" by Dick Forman, 16, and Taylor Hubbard, 18, and bound to a tree in some vacant lots. It may have been the purpose of the older boys to frighten the younger, because the hospital authorities gathered from the victims that Forman and Taylor Hubbard "had it in for them." Forman and Hubbard piled wood shavings around the tree and applied a match, evidently with the intention of stamping out the flames when they got too high. The "Indians" had not got out of the surrounding grass being oil-soaked from the leakage of neighbouring oil tanks, and the flames soon got beyond their control and roared around the tree trunk until the bodies were released by the burning of the ropes. The boys died soon after entering the hospital to which they were rushed by passing motorists.

### WIFE'S PLEA FOR FORGIVENESS.

The following remarkable advertisement appeared in a Somerset weekly newspaper in August:—"I, Annie Hayward, wife of Alfred Hayward, Foundry, Timbury, ask his forgiveness for the trouble and anxiety I have caused him. If he will have me back home again I promise to be straightforward in all my dealings and to do better in the future.—Annie Hayward."



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If you have chronic chest weakness like bronchitis or asthma, you will find Peps a blessing. They give comfort and strength and ensure nights of restful sleep.

Sufferers from that hacking cough or lung trouble, should always keep Peps by the bedside. No other medicine can check so consistently the wasting and weakening caused by incessant coughing.

If children are croupy or troubled with bronchial colds, or throat soreness, mothers and nurses will find in Peps the remedy that is pleasant and free from all harmful drugs.

Keep Peps by your bedside and always take them whenever you feel the first symptoms of a cold, chill, or sore throat. Peps enable you to throw off infection in its earliest stages and keep trouble off the chest and lungs. Also when epidemics of colds, influenza or bad throats are about, remember that Peps are a powerful defence.



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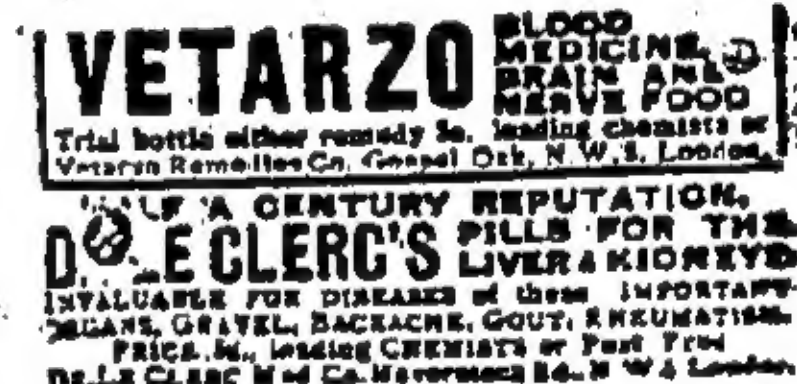
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*Schoer	12,250 tons	1st half of January, 1924.
*Albert Vogler	9,000 tons	1st half of February, 1924.

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Steamers	Tonnage, d.w.	Departure
*Adolf von Bayer	9,000 tons	16th November.
Hindenburg	12,250 tons	—
*Emil Kirdorf	9,000 tons	—
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## THE FINAL CHALLENGE.

MR. WILSON'S GRAVE WARNING.

SPIRITUAL REDEMPTION.

Ex-President Wilson, writing in the *Atlantic Monthly* under the heading "The Road Away from Revolution," declares that present-day civilization cannot survive materially unless redeemed spiritually.

This is the first time since his illness that Mr. Wilson has made public his views on present-day problems. He makes what is essentially a religious appeal for better understanding between Capital and Labour. Mr. Wilson says:

"In these doubtful, anxious days, when all the world is at unrest and look which way you will, the road ahead seems darkened by shadows which portend dangers of many kinds, it is only common prudence that we should look about us and attempt to assess the causes of distress and the most likely means for removing them."

"He proceeds to analyse the existing state of American civilization, and appeals for a better understanding between 'the haves and have nots,' and then says that the real ground for universal unrest lies deep at the sources of the spiritual life of our time and leads to revolution. The cause of the Russian Revolution, which he calls 'the outstanding event of its kind in our age,' was, in his view, a systematic denial to the great body of Russians of its rights and privileges which all normal men desire, and must have, if they are to be contented and within reach of happiness."

"What has this to do with America, he asks. It was against capitalism, he declares, that the Russian leaders directed their attack, and it is against capitalism, under one name or another, that the discontented classes everywhere draw their indictment. Everywhere, he says, there are thoughtful men who believe capitalism is indispensable to civilization, but he goes on to ask—Is the capitalist system unimpeachable? Is it for true that capitalism is often seen to regard men whom they used as mere instruments of profit, whose physical and mental powers it was legitimate to exploit? Ought we not to seek a way to remove such offences, and make life itself clean for those who will work honourably and cleanly in it? And he concludes:

"The world has been made safe for democracy. There is no need now to fear that any such mad design as that entertained by the insolent and ignorant Hohenzollerns and their counsellors may prevail against it, but democracy has not yet made the world safe against irrational revolution. That supreme task which is nothing less than the salvation of civilization now faces democracy, insistent and imperative. There is no escaping it unless everything we have built up is presently to fall in ruin about us, and the United States, as the greatest of the democracies, must undertake it."

"The road that leads away from revolution is clearly marked, for it is defined by the nature of men and of organized society. It, therefore, behooves us to study very carefully and very candidly the exact nature of the task and the means of its accomplishment. The sum of the whole matter is this: that our civilization cannot survive, materially, unless it be redeemed spiritually. Here is the final challenge to our Churches, to our political organizations, and to our capitalists, to every one who fears God or loves his country."

## AMERICA'S ATTITUDE OF INDEPENDENCE.

MR. HUGHES ON POINTS IN MONROE DOCTRINE.

Mr. Hughes, Secretary of State, addressing the annual meeting of the American Bar Association at Minneapolis, recently took occasion to restate the American position in regard to the Monroe doctrine and its underlying principles in the policy of the United States in foreign affairs generally.

Mr. Hughes declared that the following points seemed to deserve special emphasis at this time:

1.—The Monroe doctrine was not a policy of aggression, but a policy of self-defence.

2.—As the policy embodied in it was distinctly the policy of the United States, the Government of the United States reserved to itself its definition, interpretation, and application.

3.—The Monroe doctrine did not infringe the independence or sovereignty of the other American States.

4.—The United States, in the interest of its national safety, could not yield to any foreign Power control of the Panama Canal or its communications, and it might be necessary for the United States, at some future time, to build another canal between the Atlantic and the Pacific, and protect that also.

Mr. Hughes asserted that the Monroe doctrine did not stand in the way of pan-American cooperation, nor did it offer any obstacle to wider international co-operation beyond Latin America.

"Our attitude is one of independence and not isolation," he said. "Our people are still intent on abstaining from participation in the political strife of Europe. They are not disposed to commit this Government in advance to the use of its power in unknown contingencies. They prefer to reserve freedom of action, in confidence of their ability and readiness to respond to every future call of duty. They have no desire to put their power in pledge, but they do not shrink co-operation with other nations whenever there is a sound basis for it, and the consciousness of community of interest and aim."

## THEATRE PRICES IN LONDON.

Mr. Charles Cochran, who controls a number of leading theatres in London, announces a reduction in the prices of admission, and declares that he aims at making "5d. the maximum price for a seat. The management of Prince's Theatre has fixed the maximum price for a seat at 7s. 6d., and other first-class theatres are expected to reduce charges in the hope of again attracting big houses."



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HAIPHONG via HOIHOW	"LOKSANG"	Saturday, 13th Oct. 10 a.m.
Kobe via MOST	"POOESSANG"	Sunday, 14th Oct. D.L.
BANGKOK via SWATOW	"HOPSANG"	Tuesday, 16th Oct. Noon
TSINGTAU via SWATOW	"TUNGSHING"	Wednesday, 17th Oct. D.L.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	"YATSHING"	Friday, 19th Oct. D.L.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"HOSANG"	Saturday, 20th Oct. 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"HINSANG"	Saturday, 20th Oct. 3 p.m.
TSINGTAU via SWATOW	"TUNGSHING"	Wednesday, 24th Oct. D.L.
Kobe	"KUTSANG"	Friday, 26th Oct. Noon
BANGKOK via HOIHOW	"CHUNSANG"	Thursday, 1st Nov. 9 a.m.

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"GLENGARRY"	1st Nov.	"GLENAMOI"	1st Nov.	Genoa, London, Rotterdam and Hamburg.
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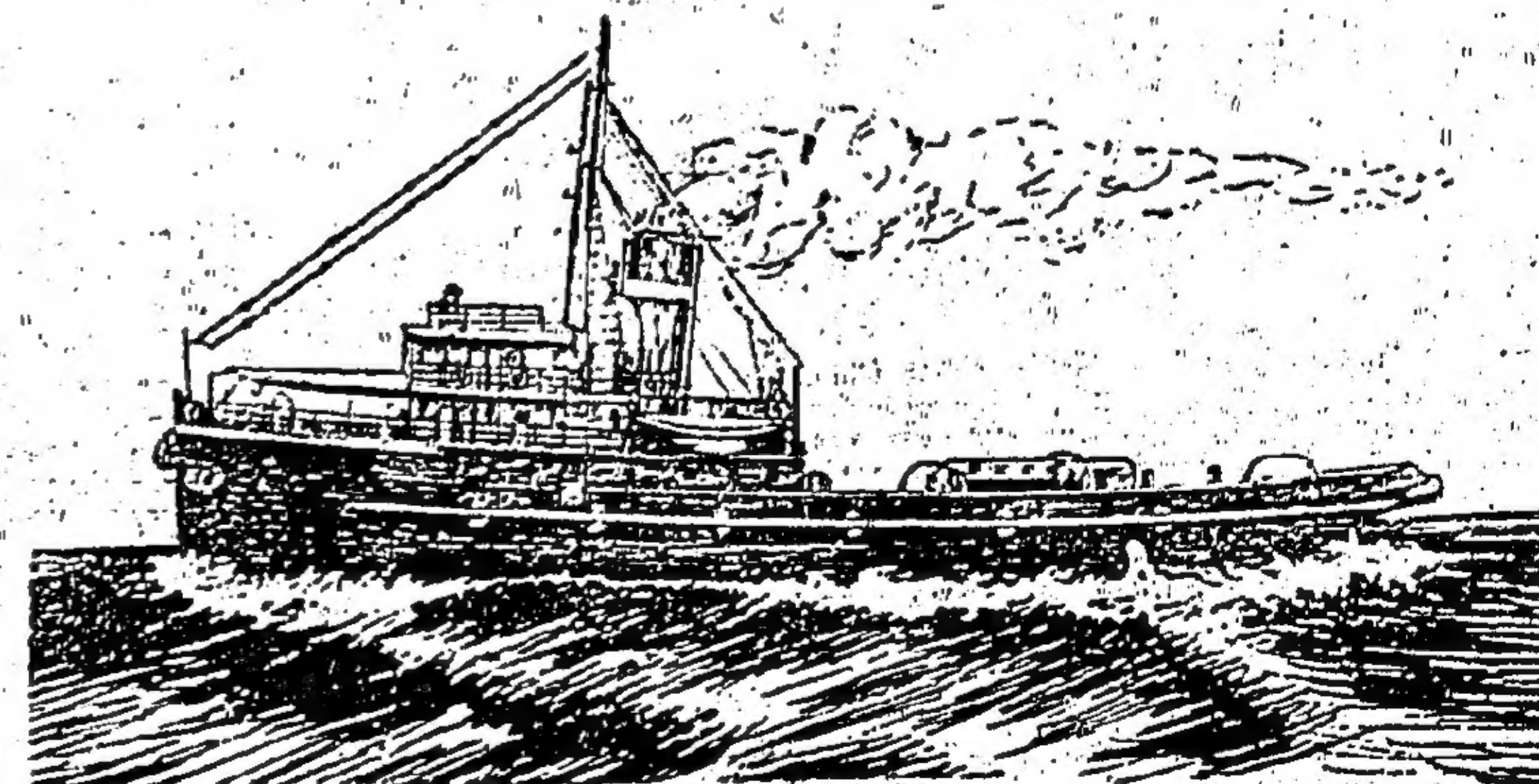
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